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Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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No Afghan Opposition To Pakistan

VOTE AGAINST ADMISSION TO U. N. O. WITHDRAWN

Indonesian Issue To Come Up Today For Discussion

FLUSHING MEADOWS, NEW YORK, Oct. 20, (Reuter): Afghanistan, in a surprise announcement from the United Nations General Assembly rostrum today, said she wished to withdraw the negative vote she gave to the admission of Pakistan to the United Nations.

HOPES OF AGREEMENT WITH N. W. F. P.

Abdul Hosayn Aziz, the Afghan delegate, said: "According to instructions which the Afghanistan Delegation have received from its Government, discussion with regard to the North-West Frontier is continuing by diplomatic means between the Governments concerned and there are hopes that agreement will be reached.

"Afghanistan wishes to withdraw the negative vote made at the Assembly meeting against the admission of Pakistan".

This announcement was received with applause.

Afghanistan's vote—the only negative vote—was made at the last plenary meeting on Sept. 30, on the grounds that the people of the North-West Frontier Province had not had a chance to decide whether they would become independent or join Pakistan.

INDONESIAN QUESTION POSTPONED TILL TODAY

The United Nations Council today decided to postpone until tomorrow its consideration of the Indonesian question after M. Andrei Gromyko, the Soviet Delegate, had objected to simultaneous meetings of the Security Council and the General Assembly.

Sir Alexander Cadogan, the British Delegate, who was Chairman, said he could not accept M. Gromyko's objection that the meeting was inconvenient, and mildly rebuked the Soviet delegate for waiting until the meeting opened to make his objection.

The meeting adjourned, however, after 20 minutes.

STOP PRESS

PERSIAN BANK EMPLOYEES RECALLED

LONDON, Oct. 20 (Reuter).—Persia's Minister of Economic Affairs, Dr. Mohammad Sadjadi, today ordered the Industrial Bank of Persia to recall all its officials who are on Missions abroad, Teheran radio reported.

PARIS TRANSPORT STRIKE TO BE CALLED OFF

PARIS, Oct. 20 (UPA) The Communist-led Paris labour unions agreed after General Charles de Gaulle's sweeping victory on an outright anti-Communist ticket in the French municipal elections to call off the crippling Paris transport strike.

LORD SINHA FOR INDIA

LONDON, Oct. 20 (Reuter). Lord Sinha, the only Indian peer, now 60-years old, left for India today with Lady Sinha.

He told Reuter that he intends to stay in India for more than a year and will live most of the time in Calcutta where he will devote his time to promoting communal hamony in the city.

ARMED MEN ROB IMPERIAL BANK

CALCUTTA, Oct. 20 (API.) Armed with automatic pistol, three young men this morning robbed about Rs. 97,000 belonging to the Imperial Bank of India after injuring the cashier and a guard of the Ballygunj branch of the Bank. The injured have been removed to hospital in a precarious condition.

INDIA STARTS WELL

Even under unfavourable conditions the Indian Cricket Team which opened its tour with the encounter with Western Australia, has given an impressive account. Monday's closing score was:

W. AUSTRALIA—166—for 6 wkts. Vinoo Mankad bagged 5 wkts for only 68 runs.

(SEE PAGE 2.)

KRISHNA MENON MEETS RAMADIER

PARIS, Oct. 20, (Reuter): Mr. Krishna Menon, Indian High Commissioner to Britain, was received today by the French Prime Minister, M. Paul Ramadier.

Mr. Menon had an interview with the French Foreign Minister, M Georges Bidault, on Saturday. He is due to fly back to London later today.

Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister to the Government of India receives a gift of 93 cases of penicillin from Mr. John D. Kearney, Canadian High Commissioner in India. The gift is from the Canadian Red Cross. Dr. Jivaraj Mehta, Director General of Health Services is in front.

Biggest Hydro-Electric Scheme For Bombay

Govt. Spends Rs. 1,78,000 On Survey; Project May Be Finalised In December

(From Our Special Representative)

POONA, October 20.

A preliminary survey of the Kalindi in the Kanara District made at an expense of Rs. 1.78.000 has revealed that it is possible to obtain as much as 3.43.000 kilowatts of electric power. The entire scheme will involve the erection of four different dams and five power stations.

If this project is undertaken, it will be the biggest Hydro-electric project yet undertaken by the Bombay Government—bigger than the Koyna valley project in Satara District.

DEBATE ON SUPPLEMENTARY GRANTS

This information was given by Dr. M. D. D. Gilder, Minister for Public Works in the course of the debate on the supplementary grants which were presented to the Legislative Council today.

Among other business, the Council also endorsed the motion already passed by the Assembly regarding the nationalisation of road transport in the province of Bombay.

The sedate elders, having no voting power over the Budget they only debate and offer criticism. The item which attracted some debate was the sumptuary allowance to the Prime Minister and the much talked of question of the change of Ministers' cars.

Mr. R. R. Bakhale welcomed the demand for an entertainment allowance. The salaries and allowances of the Ministers was excessively low. When some members had pointed this out, it had been stated on behalf of Government that it was not so much the amount of the salaries they received that mattered but the spirit in which they worked. But it must be remembered that certain responsibilities devolved upon the Ministers, particularly the Prime Minister. To discharge these responsibilities fairly and in proper manner they needed money. In the past the Governor of the Province used to be given an entertainment allowance. Most of those functions would now fall to the lot of the Prime Minister and therefore it was fitting that he should have such an allowance.

EXCHANGE OF CARS

But as regards the exchange of cars, Mr. Bakhale objected to the manner in which it was done. He objected to the method of drawing a small, miserly, beggarly salary and even smaller allowances and at the same time taking certain services. It was bound to lead to criticism. Things which could be done better should not be done in a bad manner. As leaders of public opinion and heads of Government the Ministers should draw better salaries and allowances. For this he suggested that if they received some sort of consolidated payment, much needless criticism would be avoided.

"PERVERSE" CRITICISM

Mr. Morarji Desai, in a brief reply, said that if a charge that money is misspent or misused or if there was any question of the change of cars being for the pleasure or personal convenience of Ministers, it would be possible to argue the matter but it would not be possible to do anything with the object of avoiding criticism. Government was always willing to welcome informed criticism. But nothing could be done in response to uncharitable, ungenerous and perverse criticism. Speaking on a supplementary demand for Rs. 1,78,000 for a preliminary survey of the Kalindi hydro-electric project which was regarded as capable of meeting a maximum demand of 80,000 kilowatts Mr. M. G.

(Continued on Page 5)

Indian Ambassador To Iran

BOMBAY, Monday.

LUCKNOW, Oct. 20, (A.P.I.): Mr. Ali Zaheer, Ambassador-designate of India to Iran, will be leaving Delhi on October 23 by air, for Bombay, he will stay in Bombay for two or three days whence he will return to Delhi. He intends to leave for Iran within the next ten days.

SUPREME COMMANDER'S HQ. TO GO ON NOV. 30

NEW DELHI, Oct. 20 (API.) India and Pakistan have agreed to the Headquarters of the Supreme Commander being disbanded by November 30, it is understood.

India, it is stated, wanted disbandment to take place by early November, while Pakistan felt it was too early. One of reasons for the stand taken by Pakistan, it is further stated, was that Pakistan got its equipment from installations and factories in the Indian Union through the Supreme Headquarters and if it was disbanded, Pakistan would have to approach the Indian Government directly. November 30 was, however, agreed upon as a compromise.

LONDON REACTION TO PROPOSED INDIAN SHIPPING CONFERENCE

LONDON, Oct. 20, (Reuter): Considerable interest has been aroused in British shipping circles by the announcement today that Mr. C. H. Bhabha, Indian Minister for Commerce, was calling a conference for Nov 3 to discuss concrete steps for the expansion of the Indian shipping trade by the acquisition of more tonnage and wider partition in overseas trade.

This conference is considered here as a direct sequel to the conference in London in August when Indian representatives met British representatives of ten British lines under the chairmanship of Sir William Currie.

"Future discussions will be made easier if concrete proposals are evolved at his Indian conference on November 3" said a well-known member of British Shipping circles today.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON (MARCH)
NEW YORK, Oct. 20.

Previous Closing	32.46
Today's Opening	32.52
Difference	+6
Today's Closing	32.68
Difference	+22

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK, Oct. 20.

New York Stock Exchange Opening Prices: Anaconda Copper Mining 35-7/8. General Motors 61, United States Steel Common 76-3/8, United Sates Steel Preference unquoted—(Reuter.)

LAST QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, Oct. 20.

	Rs.	As.
Cotton Jarila Jan	464	0
Cotton Jarila March	468	0
Silver Bullion	154	8
Gold Sorward	101	3
Sovereign	67	4

"SILENCE OF THE GRAVE IN DELHI"

Sign Of Cowardice For Majority To Dread A Minority, Says Gandhiji

NEW DELHI, Oct. 20, (A.P.I.): Today being his weekly silence day, the following message of Mahatma Gandhi was read out to the prayer gathering:—

"The Rajkumari informed me last night after prayer that a Muslim Health Officer was butchered yesterday, while he was on duty. He was, she told me, a good, conscientious officer. He leaves a widow and children. The widow was so distracted that her one wish was that she and her children were also similarly butchered now that their caretaker and bread winner was removed from their midst by cruel hands.

"I told you only last evening that all was not well with Delhi as it appeared on the surface. So long as tragedies such as I have described continue to occur, there is little ground for rejoicing over the silence that reigns on the surface in Delhi. Is it the silence of the grave as was once said of the surface silence during his Viceroyalty by the then Lord Irwin, now Lord Halifax?

The Rajkumari added that it was no easy task to get together a sufficient number of Muslim friends who would perform the burial rites in strict accord with the Quran.

"SIGN OF COWARDICE"

This narrative must cause any sensitive mind as it causes me a shudder. Should Delhi come to such a pass; it is a sure sign of cowardice for the majority to dread a minority however powerful it might be.

I hope that the authorities will trace the perpetrators of the crime and bring them to justice.

Money for blankets continue to pour in. My thanks go out to all the donors. It is good to that not one donation is ear-marked for this community or that.

TEHERAN, Oct. 20 (Reuter). Ghavam-es-Sultaneh the Persian Premier, had consulted the Shah, Mohammed Rezt Pahlevi, concerning the oil negotiations with Russia and on incorporating the Shah's views in the Premier's oil report to be submitted to the Majlis "as soon as possible". Ibrahim Kadje Nouri, Deputy Premier and Minister of Propaganda, told the Press, today.

King Welcomes 'The Two New Dominions'

"FRUITION OF DECLARED POLICY OF PARLIAMENT"

Suggests Withdrawal From Palestine In Absence Of Settlement

LONDON, Oct. 20, (Reuter).

King George expressed the hope that the most cordial relations will rule between India and Pakistan and the other members of the British Commonwealth, in his speech today proroguing the second session of the present Parliament.

Indian Princes

The King also hoped that in association with India and Pakistan the ties of the Indian rulers with the Commonwealth would endure.

Future Of Palestine

Regarding Palestine, the King said that in the absence of a settlement, ministers must plan for an early withdrawal of both British forces and British administration from that country.

PROROGATION SPEECH

Both Houses of Parliament reassembled today after an adjournment of about ten weeks to hear the prorogation speech which was presented to a joint gathering of both Houses by a Royal Commission.

The King will open in person the new session of Parliament tomorrow when the speech from the Throne will outline Government plans for the immediate future.

Today's speech reviewed the achievements of the past session.

Welcoming the two new dominions of India and Pakistan, the King said:

"In July, I assented to the Indian Independence Act under which on August 15th two new Dominions, India and Pakistan,

(Continued on Page 5)

BRITISH BLOOD FOR REFUGEES

LONDON, Oct 20, (Reuter): Five thousand units of precious blood Plasma have been flown to India and Pakistan by the British Red Cross Society for use in urgent malnutrition and Cholera cases since an appeal was launched early last month.

This represents blood given by about 12,000 British people—each person giving slightly less than a pint.

JAWAHAR IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Oct. 20 (API.) The Prime Minister, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, arrived from Lucknow today.

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Western Australia Loses Six Wickets For 166

Vinoo Mankad Takes Five For 68 Under Conditions Unfavourable To Bowlers

PERTH, October 20. (Reuter): Under conditions never favourable to bowlers, Western Australia lost six wickets during the three hours' play here today against the Indian touring team for 138 runs, bringing their total to 166 for six.

Vinoo Mankad kept an accurate length and turned the ball late in the afternoon. He dominated the batsmen taking five wickets for 68 runs.

CAUTIOUS PLAY ON SLOW PITCH

On a slow pitch the home batsmen played cautious defensive cricket though the bowlers were unable to spin the ball to any degree of sharpness.

The Indian ground work was keen and occasionally brilliant, but their returns were erratic and sometimes costly.

Details Of Play

The start in the third day's play in the match between the Indian touring team and West Australia was delayed here today by over two hours and even after the match was resumed there was a short break due to rain.

The captains had left the decision to the umpires. The State captain Keith Carmody, who had so far scored 17, and A. Edwards, 9, resumed their opening partnership of 28 with the pitch still soft.

Hazare and Phadkar took up the attack and Edwards scored a single with a defensive stroke from each of their opening overs.

Without increasing his score, Carmody gave a difficult chance to Phadkar at backward point in Hazare's second over. Phadkar made a great effort to take a high left-handed catch out failed to hold the ball.

Phadkar's second over was a maiden to Edwards. Hazare then followed suit with a maiden to Carmody in which he twice beat the bat.

Only a few hundred spectators were present but the weather was still fickle and there was a slight drizzle as Mankad replaced Phadkar whose three overs bowled since the resumption had cost only two runs.

After Mankad's third delivery rain stopped play with the score at 40. The half hour's play had added only 12 runs though the wicket by no means favoured the bowlers.

Play however was held up for only six minutes.

IRANI'S BRILLIANT CATCH

Almost immediately after the restart, Carmody attempting a nook off Mankad was brilliantly caught on the leg side by wicket-keeper Irani. Carmody's cautious 19 took 63 minutes.

Amir Elahi replaced Hazare and was able to turn the ball considerably from leg.

Sweeping Mankad to the fine leg boundary, Edwards sent up the 50 after 83 minutes play.

Amir Elahi kept the ball well up. In his fourth ball Robinson, when five, mishit the ball over the wicketkeeper's head but Mankad, running back from slip, could not reach the ball.

38 runs were added in an hour's play today, and then Edwards took the total to seventy by on-driving a full toss from Amir Elahi to the boundary.

Amir Elahi, after bowling five overs for twenty runs, was replaced by Sohoni, who bowled medium pace round the wicket and occasionally turned the ball from the off.

DOUBLE CHANGE OF BOWLING

A double change of bowling, which brought on Amarnath with Mankad changing ends, slowed the scoring rate.

The Indians' ground work was good, but their returns to the wicket were occasionally inaccurate.

Neither batsman attempted strokes in front of the wicket. Both Amarnath and Mankad kept an accurate length on an unresponsive wicket. Mankad's first ball of his thirteenth over narrowly missed Robinson's off stump, but Robinson hit wildly over the next delivery which knocked back his middle stump. Watt played out the over and tea was taken with the score at 97 for two. Edwards was then one, short of his half-century.

Watt, who made a century against the M.C.C. last season, began streakily edging Mankad to fine leg for a single and then edging Phadkar through the slips for four. He lost Edwards when the left-hander, attempting to pull Mankad, was caught low down by Amir Elahi at square leg after 100 had been reached in 137 minutes. Edwards made two fours in his 49 scored in two hours and twenty minutes of defensive batting.

Mankad's figures were then three for 34 in fourteen overs.

The total was 102 when Bandy entered and under the new rule Amarnath had a right to call for a new ball for the forty-first over, but refrained from doing so. Watt survived two appeals in successive overs—one for l.b.w. off Phadkar and one for stumping off Mankad.

At 114 Amarnath took the new ball for Hazare, who replaced Phadkar.

HAZARE SUCCEEDS

Hazare met with immediate success. In his second over, Watt pulled the ball hard square to Rangnekar who held the catch at the second attempt. Watt was nervous and uncertain throughout his half hour's stay.

Barras, another left-hander, adhered to the policy of defence but when three he was badly beaten three times in one over from Mankad and survived a confident appeal for l.b.w. Mankad was now turning the ball sharply.

The only scoring stroke off Mankad in one fifteen-minute period was a pull for four by Barras. After nearly an hour's stay Bandy lifted Mankad straight to Rangnekar at extra cover, who held an easy catch and half the side were out for 134.

In the same over, without scoring, Herbert hit against the break and gave an easy catch to Sohoni, running from second slip towards gully.

Mankad's figures were then five for 50 from 23 overs.

Amarnath gave the ball to Amir Elahi at 135 resting Hazare and the Indian Captain went on himself at 148 in place of Mankad. In Amarnath's first over Kessey, when two, mistimed his cut and gave Hazare a chance at first slip, which the fieldsman missed.

Total reached was 150 after 200-minute batting.

The wicket still proved unsuitable for Amir Elahi and he was replaced by Phadkar, ten minutes before the close.

A slight drizzle began as Amarnath, after bowling two overs, called on Mankad again, Mankad posted four men close to the bat in a half circle from slip to gully, but the batsmen held out and at the close the total was 166 for six.

Barras had been at the wicket for 48 minutes for his 34 runs.

The Indians had come out fairly well under unpleasant conditions.

Western Australia's 1st Innings

Carmody, c Irani, b Mankad ..	19
Edwards, c Elahi, b Mankad ..	49
Robinson, b Mankad	22
Watt, c Rangnekar, b Hazare ..	11
Bandy, c Rangnekar, b Mankad ..	18
Herbert, c Sohoni, b Mankad ..	0
Barras, batting	34
Kessey, batting	6
Extras: (byes 5, leg-byes 2) ..	7
Total (for 6 wickets) ..	166

FALL OF WICKETS: one for 40, two for 97, three for 102, four for 118, five for 134 and six for 134.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Amarnath	9	1	25	0
Phadkar	10	2	14	0
Mankad	27	4	68	5
Sohoni	3	0	9	0
Hazare	12	2	20	1
Amir Elahi	7	0	23	0

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"TIMES" TABLE-TENNIS

BOMBAY, Monday.—As a result of the quarter-finals of the Herbert Smith Team Championships, The Tata Sports Club, the Parsee Gymkhana and the two strings of the Byculla YMCA have earned the right to contest the semi-finals. The most interesting tie of the evening was between the second string of the Byculla YMCA represented by Khanchand and Nadarya and the Catholic Gymkhana represented by O'Dyer and M. Seyers. Dyer elected to play against Khanchand and playing erratically lost in two straight games. Seyers having won his match against Nadarya the score was one all. Much depended upon the result of the doubles encounter which Sayers and Dyer lost at 23-21, 12-21, 21-16. In the match decided the result of the tie, that between Seyers and Khanchand, the loser put up a far better performance than was expected of him. His defence forcing Khanchand to make so many mistakes that Seyers was actually leading 20-16 in the second game, but sagged badly thereafter and lost rather tamely.

In another tie Poncha and K. H. Kapadia won a three one victory over J. S. Patkar and P. M. Maskeri. Poncha dropping a match to Patkar.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES

QUARTER FINALS: Mable Brodie and Mani Dadyburjor w.o. Ketty and Jalloo Ghadially; Suniti Amladi and Chandini Varadkar w.o. Mehroo Ghasvalla and Roshan Wadia; Dinoo Mistry and Dinoo Munshi beat Silloo Motiwalla and Ami Nariman 21-19, 21-17.

HERBERT SMITH TEAM CHAMPIONSHIP

QUARTER FINALS: Tata S. C. beat P. J. Hindu Gymkhana 'B' 3-0, P. Daruwalla beat B. Ullal 17-21, 21-19, 21-15; D. H. Kapadia beat B. P. Baliga 21-19, 21-15; D. H. Kapadia and P. Daruwalla beat B. Ullal and B. P. Baliga 17-21, 21-18, 21-12.

Byculla Y.M.C.A. "A" beat Khatau S.C. 3-1, D. N. Bhatkal beat U. S. Bangera 15-21, 21-17, 21-17; A. H. Khan beat G. Sahadev 21-18, 21-14; and U. S. Bangera 21-12, 18-21, 23-21; A. H. Khan and D. N. Bhatkal lost to Sachadeo and Bangera 22-20, 17-21, 16-21.

Parsee Gymkhana beat P.O. Recreation "A" 3-1, K. H. Kapadia beat P. M. Maskari 21-13, 21-7 and J. S. Patkar 21-19, 21-10; B. J. Poncha lost to J. S. Patkar 20-22, 21-9, 10-21; K. H. Kapadia and B. P. Poncha beat P. M. Maskari and J. S. Patkar 21-19, 21-10.

Byculla Y.M.C.A. "B" beat Catholic Gymkhana 3-1, Y. Nadarya lost to M. Seyers 19-21, 5-21, H. M. Khanchand beat O. Dyer 21-19, 21-19 and M. Seyers 21-19, 23-21; H. M. Khanchand and Y. Nadarya beat M. Seyers and O. Dyer 23-21, 12-21, 21-16.

TUESDAY'S MATCHES:

5-45 p.m.: Semi-finals of Junior's Singles. 6-30 p.m. Quarter-finals of Men's Singles.

ROCKY GRAZIANO'S FATE STILL HANGS IN BALANCE

Public Opinion On His War Record May Force Him Out Of Ring

NEW YORK, OCT. 20 (REUTER): THE FORTUNES OF WORLD MIDDLEWEIGHT BOXING CHAMPION, ROCKY GRAZIANO, ARE STILL TO TALK OF AMERICAN BOXING. CONTRARY TO EXPECTATIONS THE NEW YORK STATE ATHLETIC COMMISSION HAS NOT YET TAKEN ANY STEPS TO RESTORE THE GARRULOUS ROCKY'S LICENCE SO THAT HE WOULD BE ENABLED TO CAPITALISE THIS WINTER ON THE RICH EARNINGS OF MADISON SQUARE GARDEN.

Much of Graziano's personal discomfort, his friend in need, Abe Greene, President of the rival National Boxing Association, is reported to be weighing a decision about Rocky's career in all other States which come under the jurisdiction of N.B.A.

When the New York authorities came down on Graziano last winter and suspended him Greene refused to accept their decision and opened wide the gates of all the boxing arenas outside the State of New York to the colourful middleweight. He gratefully accepted the chances of meeting champion Tony Zale in Chicago and beat him to become the new champion.

But Greene is now confronted with the published announcement of the War Department that Graziano was "n absentee from the army during the war and served a sentence before being dishonourably discharged.

To a country which glories in its fighting man that is a bad blot on any man's record and in the opinion of many experts public opinion may force Greene to bar Graziano from boxing anywhere in the country. Should he decide on this drastic course Greene will force Graziano to hang up his gloves for good because there will be practically no place left in the forty-eight states for him to box.

RETURN FIGHT MAY NOT COME OFF

Greene is considering the position while Graziano's manager is proclaiming that the champion has already been signed to meet Zale in a return championship bout at Miami next February for a purse of 150,000 dollars.

This fight will never come off however, because the Miami Boxing Commission have unanimously decided not in any circumstances to sanction the proposed fight anywhere within its territory.

The Commission which is affiliated to the National Boxing Association did not give any reason for their decision but it is believed to be due to the War Department's recent disclosure about Graziano.

Before the Commission announced this decision, Mr. W. Y. Stembler, its Chairman, told reporters he was definitely against the fight, adding "whether we approve it will depend on the outcome of our investigation of Graziano's war records."

Meanwhile Marcel Cerdan, European and French champion, is continuing on an easy and profitable "build up" champion in the United States, secure in the knowledge that whether Graziano is allowed to continue to hold the title or not he will be called upon to play a large part in the Middleweight Championship picture before this season is out.

OLLE TANDBERG

Elsewhere on the boxing scene Olle Tandberg Swedish Heavyweight, received good press notices in America for his victory over the American Negro Aaron Wilson whom he defeated in four rounds recently in Stockholm. This was billed as his last fight before he travels to New York to make his Madison Square Garden debut probably against Joe Baksi over whom he scored an upset victory during the summer in Stockholm.

Most fight fans are anxious to see Tandberg in action but none will be wishing him more success against Baksi than heavyweight champion Joe Louis who realises the money drawing value of an "international" label attached to a championship contender.

FAIRLY GOOD DAY FOR INDIAN TEAM

But Inaccurate And Uncertain Play

PERTH, Oct. 20 (Reuter).—India enjoyed a fairly good day here under adverse conditions against West Australia, cables Prince Duleepsinnji, Reuter's special correspondent.

Mankad, although unlikely to meet many similarly wickets, showed that the ball coming in slightly with the arm, good length and spin, will do well. Amir Elahi, upset by the left handers, gave hopes of better performances.

Both should improve with better placing of the field. Against more aggressive batsmen a better placed field is necessary. The Indian fielding, catching, pick up and throwing in was inaccurate and uncertain. Irani, who caught Carmody brilliantly on the leg side, later dropped Bandy when two, and was uncertain in taking the bowling and throws all day.

THE WEATHER

The cold weather, the slow wicket and foothold may have been partially responsible for the dropping of the ball and the poor throwing.

Mankad, Hazare, Phadkar and Amarnath, receiving no help from the wicket, kept a good length and with the field properly placed at least 30 runs would have been saved.

Today, on a slow wicket, the slips and gully were too deep.

Amarnath did not claim the new ball after 40 overs as Mankad was bowling well.

This decision was justified as three wickets fell for 32 runs.

NO FORCING STROKES

Western Australia found rungetting difficult on a dead and slow wicket. There were no forcing strokes in front of the wicket. The majority of runs came through pushes to the on and the hook shot. Edwards and Watt caught at short leg off hook shots.

Edwards and Barras, left handers, were a good foil to the spin bowlers. Carmody was unlucky in being caught behind the wicket on the leg side.

The wicket is expected to play easy but slow tomorrow. I would not be surprised if Western Australia declared at their overnight total.

NO REASON TO BE DISSATISFIED

The Indians have no reason to be dissatisfied with the position in the match against West Australia for at the close of play tonight they had taken six wickets for 166 runs. The match will conclude tomorrow.

In the three hours of play today the West Australians added only 138 runs on a pitch which at no time favoured the bowlers. The home batsmen adhered throughout to the policy of defence, played from the back foot, with the result that nearly all the scoring strokes were pulls.

The most impressive bowler was Vinoo Mankad who kept a splendid length with his left-arm deliveries and late in the afternoon was able to bring the ball back sharply. Amarnath and Phadkar were unable to swing the ball to any degree while Hazare decreased his pace when he found it difficult to obtain a good foothold.

On the dead pitch Amir Elahi's leg breaks turned too slowly to be effective and today's play gave no indica-

SRI PRAKASA AND PARTY LEAVE FOR OKHA

KARACHI, October 19 (API): Mr. Sri Prakasa, the High Commissioner for India in Pakistan accompanied by Swami Rangnanathan of the Ramkrishna Mission, Mr Navin Khandwalla, the Karachi Manager of Messrs. The Bombay Steam Navigation Co. Ltd., and some representatives of the press left to-day for Okha by 'Sonavati' to acquaint himself with the refugee relief work organised at Okha by the Baroda State and voluntary organisations. There were on board 750 refugees from Quetta bound for Okha.

The High Commmissioner and the rest of the party will return by the same steamer on the 22nd. to Karachi.

OKHA Oct. 20 (UP1). Mr. Sri Prakasa, the Indian High Commissioner for Pakistan, arrived here from Karachi to-day to study the condition of refugees from Sind. He returned to Karachi on Oct. 22.

Britain Can't Wage War For Another Ten Years

CAMBRIDGE October 19, (Reuter): Mr. Arthur Horner, Communist General Secretary of the National Union of Mineworkers, told the Cambridge University Socialist Club tonight that Britain could not be involved in war for at least ten years.

"We cannot wage war" he said. "We have not got reserves."

"We are not finished" Mr. Horner added. "Our future will be determined to a considerable extent in Europe. Tasks are going to be hard. Tough decisions have got to be made and if I have one regret it is that men still in Government are not tough enough to make decisions."

No Sales Tax Proceeds For Local Bodies

SURAT, Oct. 20 (API.) The Government of Bombay have notified all local bodies that "it is not possible to assign any share of the proceeds of the Sales Tax to any local body as the Sales Tax proceeds are required to finance the comprehensive reconstruction programme of the Government."

tions as to the potentialities of India's spinners on average Australian wickets but the biggest handicap in the more serious matches ahead appears to be the lack of speed. The team may mould into a good fielding combination although a doubt exists regarding the slips. Returns to the wicket-keeper need to show vast improvement if test standard is to be reached.

Gauhati Club Beats Madhupur Samity

LUCKNOW, Oct. 20 (API.) Moharana Club, Gauhati, defeated Tarun Samity, Madhupur, by two goals to nini in this evening's replayed match of the Indian Football Challenge Shield. The game was of a mediocre standard.

A Kar, Gauhati inside-left, scored in the first half and N. Das completed the tally in the second period.

Taraporewalla Cup

POONA, Oct. 20 (API.) Kirkee Rangers XI today prevailed over Ordnance Depot XI by two goals to one in the Taraporewalla Cup Football Tournament.

Ramayya, centre-forward of Kirkee Rangers, was responsible for both the goals. The Ordnance Depot scored their only goal through Pillay off a penalty kick.

The Tamilians combined will meet Metereological Office XI tomorrow.

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On 27th October, 1947

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09.50	Arr.	RAJKOT	Dep.	12.00
10.20	Dep.	RAJKOT	Arr.	11.30
10.40	Arr.	MORVI	Dep.	11.10

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KNEE STIFF AS A POKER

Middle-aged Man Who Could Hardly Walk

TAKES KRUSCHEN—AND NOW DOES 14 MILES A DAY

Though X-rays failed to show that there was anything wrong with this man's knee, it still remained stiff and sore. Then he heard about Kruschen, and before he had finished the first bottle, the stiffness left him. He writes:—

"A few years ago I developed a very sore knee joint and it stiffened up. I had treatment for about 3 months. I could hardly walk, it was so sore and painful. I also had it X-rayed, but there appeared to be nothing wrong with the knee. I heard of Kruschen Salts, so I got a bottle. After I had taken a portion of the bottle the stiffness left me, so I now take Kruschen every morning and can walk 12 or 14 miles a day, although I am middle-aged".—A.M.

Rheumatism usually arises from poisons in the blood-stream. If you can clear the blood-stream, poisons can't settle in your joints.

That's how Kruschen can help you. Kruschen is a balanced combination of various mineral salts. It is aperient "and" diuretic. Because of this Double Action, Kruschen helps to cleanse the whole system thoroughly.

Kruschen Salts is sold by all chemists and dealers, price Re. 1/10 a bottle.

TOURING CAR ON SALE

1938 MODEL CHEVROLET TOURING CAR in uptodate condition on sale. Price Rs. 9,000/-. Car on view at Kalyan Moti Chawl No. 3 opp. Wagale Hall, Sadashiv Street, Kandewadi, Bombay 4 on Thursday, 23rd October between 12 to 5 p.m. Phone 40057.

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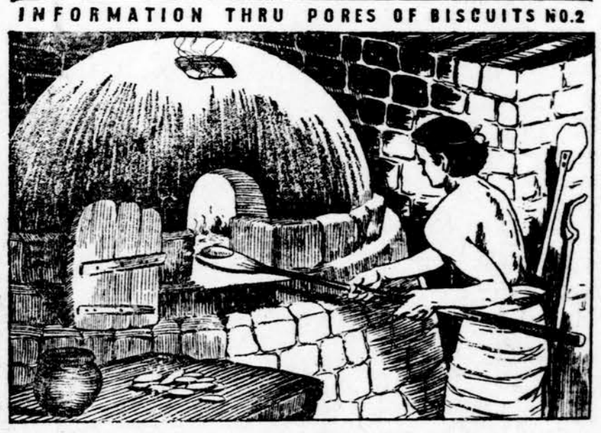

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CITY & SUBURBS

TO-DAY

Hindu: Ashwin Shud 7, 2003.
Muslim: Zilhej 6, 1366.
Parsi: Ardibehest 18, 1317.
Sunrise: 6-35 a.m., Sunset 6-13 p.m.
Hightide 04-23, 15-30.
Lowtide 10-44, 21-48.
MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE: 3 P.M. (B.T.)

To-day's Engagements

FILMI MAZDOOR UNION: Central Studio Workers will meet at Gujerathi Forbes Hall, Vithalbhai Patel Rd. today (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. to discuss and approve the memorandum of demands and grievances. Shri. Prithviraj Kapoor will preside over the deliberations.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' CONGRESS: Executive Meeting today at 5-30 p.m.

CASA D'ARTE: Concert today at 6-30 p.m. at Cama Lodge, 19 Peddar Road. Programme includes violin solos, folksongs and chorus: Conductor: Maestro G. Morolli.

BENGALI DASSERAH PROGRAMME AT SHIVAJI PARK: Mahasaptami Puja at 9-19 a.m. Drama 'Banglar Meye' at 9 p.m.

SARBAJANIN DURGA PUJA: Saptami Puja at 9-24 a.m. Arati—7-30 p.m. Music—8 p.m. Bengali Film Show—8-30 p.m. at Naranarayan Temple, 215 Kalbadevi Road.

BOMBAY SARVOJANIN DURGOTSAV, PAREL: Lecture by Swami Sambudhananda on Philosophy of Durga Poojah at 8-30 p.m. Drama at 9-15 p.m.

BOMBAY PROVINCIAL FORWARD BLOC: Programme for Netaji's Azad Hindi Government Day: Today morning—8 a.m.: Flag Hoisting at Azad Maidan, 6 p.m.: public meeting at Chowpati Sands.

DO YOU UNDERSTAND THE CONTRARIES OF GANDHIAN ECONOMICS?

READ WHY THE VILLAGE MOVEMENT?
By Sri J. C. Kumarappa.
The Report of the C.P. Industrial Survey Committee under the Chairmanship of Sri J. C. Kumarappa.
Available from the A.I.V.I.A., Maganvadi, Wardha, C.P.

ROTARY CLUB: Meeting today at Green's Hotel (first floor) at 1-45 p.m. Mr. K. G. Saiyidain will speak on "Primary Education in India and its Problems."

GATHA SOCIETY MEETING: Today (Tuesday) at 6 p.m. at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, Apollo Street, Dasturji Bode will expound Gatha Yasna Ha 33.

PATHARE PRABHU SOCIAL SAMAJ: Condolence Meeting to express grief over the demise of Shri N. C. Kelkar, today at 6-30 p.m. in Bhai Jeewanji Lane, Thakurdwar, Prabhu Seminary Hall.

SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE: Thirty-fifth Annual General Meeting will be held tomorrow (Wednesday) at 6 p.m. (S.T.) in the League's Head Office, Sandhurst Road. Diwan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri will preside and Sir Harshidbhai Divatia, Dr. S. P. Mehta and Prof. V. G. Rao will speak.

B. P. VOLLEY BALL AND BASKET BALL CHAMPIONSHIP TOURNAMENTS: Entries close on Friday (31st Oct.) at 4 p.m. For particularly apply to: Hon. Secretary, c/o The Superintendent, Watch and Ward Department, "Times of India," Bombay.

THE ALL-INDIA CONFERENCE OF SOCIAL WORK

Mrs. Bapsey Sabavala writes:—The I.P.T.A. are giving a variety entertainment in aid of the All-India Conference of Social Work at the Excelsior Theatre kindly lent by Mr. Kaiku Modi on the 24th of October (public holiday) at 10 a.m. The show will consist of sketches on unity in Hindustani and Gujerati, dances songs etc. Tickets are priced at Rs. 7, 5, 3, 2 and 1 and are available from Mrs. Bapsey Sabavala's Office, Industrial Assurance Building Churchgate Reclamation, between 1-30 and 2-30 p.m. and between 5-30 and 7 p.m. daily. On the 24th tickets will be had from the theatre.

FEDERATION OF BANK EMPLOYEES

The Organising Secretary writes:—Mr. Abidali Jaferbhai who had been President of the Federation since its inception resigned his office as its affiliation to I.N.T.U.C. was not favoured by the General Council at its meeting held on 29th Sept. Mr. G. G. Mehta has been unanimously elected as the President at the meeting of the Managing Committee held on Oct. 15.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

TUESDAY, Oct. 21
244 m (1,231) kc/s).
7-30 a.m. Geet Manthan 7.40 News (M) 7.50 News (G) 8.0 News (E) 8.15 News (H) 8.30 J D Muzumdar Violin recital 8.45 Babubhai Shah (Gujarati Geet) (Indulal Gandhi) 9.0 D G Sahasrabudhe (Bilakani Todi) 12.0 p.m. Akashwanine Chotare Variety programme in Gujarati 12.45 News (M) 12.50 News (G) 12.55 Ap Kipasnad 1.25 News (H) 1.30 News (E) 4.20 Tarabai Gadagkar (Bhimpalas) 4.50 Master Nisar Thumri 5.0 J D Muzumdar Violin recital 5.15 Sham Devre (Multani) 5.45 Topics 5.55 Locals 6.0 News (E) 6.10 News (H) 6.15 Baboorao Gokhale (Bhavgeet) 6.30 Master Nisar (Ghazal) 6.45 Babubhai Shah (Gujarati Geet) 7.0 Brahmanand Bhajan 7.15 J D Muzumdar Violin recital 7.30 Maze Prasiddha Sahadyaqi 7.45 Kayade Panditancheka Karamati Talk in Marathi by S G Patwardhan 8.0 News (M) 8.15 News (G) 8.30 Vato-Nan-Valu Gujarati Roopak 9.0 News (E) 9.15 News (H) 9.30 B B C News.

VARIATIONS
41.44 m (7,240 kc/s) 6.15 Rural Listeners
41.44 m (7,240 kc/s) 7.40 p.m. Geetmala.
61.48 m (4,880 kc/s).
7.45 p.m. Com 8.0 Babubhai Shah (Gujarati Geet) (Shehrashmi) 8.15 Baburao Gokhale (Bhavgeet) 9.0 Tarabai Dadagkar (Sohani) 9.30 Master Nisar (Ghazal 10.0 D G Sahasrabudhe (Malgunji) 10.30 Tarabai Gadagkar (Barbari-Kanada).

SHERIFF'S 'RAMDAS' RELIEF FUND

Rs. 313,000 Collected; Interim Assistance Granted To 280 Families And 44 Survivors

BOMBAY, Oct. 20, (U.P.I.): The total amount of donations received for the Sheriff's Ramdas Relief Fund is about Rs. 3,13,000, says an Interim Report of the Seriff's S.S. 'Ramdas' Relief Committee.

This includes, adds the report, donations to the "Times of India" Ramdas Relief Fund that have been paid to the Sheriff's Fund. The total amount distributed for immediate requirements of the sufferers is Rs. 27,500.

The Ramdas tragedy took place on July 17, 1947. The Sheriff of Bombay convened a meeting of some of the leading citizens of Bombay on July 22,1947. An appeal for funds was issued and an Executive Committee was formed. In order to give speedy relief to those who had suffered in the disaster, the Executive Committee appointed a Sub-Committee, consisting of the Sheriff of Bombay, Mr. D. K. Kunte, Lady Rama Rao, Mr. Nagindas T. Master, Mr. Claude Scott, Swami Sambuddhanand, Dr. Kumarappa, Mr. Hafizka, Mr. Nagarkar, Prof. Choksi and Miss Manjula Dhumatkar.

The Sheriff went to Alibag in the first week of August and toured many villages along with Mr. T. T. Kothawala, Collector of Alibag, and met about 100 sufferers. The representative committee of the Kolaba district at Alibag with Mr. Lele, President of the Municipality, as President, and Mr. Kothawala as Chairman was entrusted with the work of granting interim relief in that district. This committee has distributed a sum of Rs. 18,000 by way of interim relief to a number of families.

Swami Sambuddhanand of the Ramakrishna Mission deputed a body of workers to administer interim relief in the Ratnagiri district for which a sum of Rs. 5,000 was sanctioned. A number of applications received in Bombay were investigated by Mr. R. A. Shaikh and Mr. P. D. Kulkarni, trained workers of the Tata Institute of Social Science and a sum of Rs. 4,500 has been distributed by the Sub-Committee as immediate relief.

Sir Shantidas Askuran placed at the disposal of the Committee, the sarees and cloth that remained with him after distribution to the victims of the Dock Explosion.

Applications for relief are still coming in and so far interim relief has been granted to over 280 families and 44 survivors.

The Sub-Committee has met seven times and will shortly make its recommendations to the Executive Committee for further relief.

The Fund will be closed on Nov. 1, 1947 after which date no application for relief will be entertained.

POLICE RAID CITY FIRMS

Bombay, Monday. Three city firms were raided by the Bombay C.I.D. on Saturday and some of their employees arrested for alleged contravention of the Iron and Steel Control Order, 1941.

Messrs. Abdulali Tajohoy on C. P. Tank Road, it is alleged, sold M. S. bars of quarter inch diameter at Rs. 50 per cwt to a bogus customer sent by the police while the Control price was only Rs. 16-0 as. per cwt. Dalichand Jivanlal, the 'Mehta', and Monmedali Gussein, Salesman, and two servants were arrested. The marked money given by the customer was recovered.

Kandulal Chandulal Kadakiya, Proprietor, and Shantilal Varchand, Accountant, of the firm Messrs. K Chimanlal and Co. were arrested, it is stated under similar circumstances and on the same charge.

The third firm raided was Messrs. Isufalli Hakimji on Carpenter Street, Valji Noorbhai, Manager and one Dattoo Subhan were arrested.

The accused were today placed before Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, when they were ordered to be released on bail.

ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF STABBING

BOMBAY, Monday.

Govind Laxman Mulkawad, an employee of the G.I.P. Railway Workshop, was arrested on the charge of fatally stabbing Nama More, a fireman early on Saturday morning.

It was stated that on October 17 night when the accused and the deceased were on duty, the deceased was stabbed in the abdomen by Govind, the accused.

The deceased before his death made a statement to his co-workers and a watchman of the Workshop that he was assaulted by one Babulal, the name by which the accused is known.

The accused was remanded into custody by Mr. B. D. Belvi, Presidency Magistrate, at the Dadar Court today.

City Clerk On Cheating Charge

A well dressed young City clerk was produced before Mr. G. K. Rege Presidency Magistrate, this morning charged with misappropriating nearly four lakhs of rupees belonging to the firm in which he worked.

His name is Thomas de Quadros who at the time of his arrest on Saturday was employed in the shipping department of Messrs. Turner Morrison and Company.

Quadros was arrested by the General Branch of the Bombay C.I.D., following a complaint from his employers that he had misappropriated Rs. 1,88,465 and Rs. 1,92,650 which were stated to have been entrusted to him for being deposited with the Government Shipping Officer as Post-War Risk Money in respect of 15 ships owned by the Company.

Applying for his remand into custody the Police stated that after misappropriating the money the suspect produced the statements of the Company at his offices duly signed by the Shipping Master.

The officer who checked them was, however, told later that the signatures did not signify that the payment had been made but only showed that the particulars in the statements were correct.

On the second occasion the accused accepted Rs. 1,92,650, which was intended for the payment of wages of a number of seamen against each vouchers.

The Police alleged that the accused also misappropriated this amount by affixing his own thumb impressions on the cash vouchers or that of his nutraced accomplice.

The vouchers are also started to have carried the stamp mark of the Shipping Office where the payments were supposed to be made in the presence of responsible officer with the bogus initial "R".

The accused was enlarged on bail in the sum of Rs. 10,000.

WHY CORPORATION LOAN WAS UNDERWRITTEN

Municipal Commissioner's Reply: Schools To Close On Thursday In Memory Of Late N. C. Kelkar

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Municipal Commissioner, Mr. B. K. Patel, to-day defended his action in getting the Municipality's recent loan of 8 1/4 crores underwritten at Rs. 99-8 per share of Rs. 100.

Answering allegations that the underwriting "at such a high rate had made the Municipality incur a loss of about Rs. 20 lakhs, he told the Corporation that the procedure had to be adopted to "hold our credit high" since to the last moment he was apprehensive whether the loan would be under-or over-subscribed. "What would have happened if the subscriptions had fallen short of the limit set?" he asked.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta moved a resolution asking the Municipal Commissioner to place before the Corporation information regarding the following points: Copy of the underwriting agreement regarding the two loans of 7 1/2 crores and 75 lakhs, the names of the underwriters, the various rates and the amounts of tenders above Rs. 99-8-0 and the reasons for not accepting them, the loss incurred by the Corporation by non-acceptance of tenders above Rs. 99-8-0 and the reasons for offering "such a high rate of commission as eight annas per Rs. 100 instead of one anna".

Before the resolution was put to vote and declared lost, the Municipal Commissioner explained that in going for loans Governments and local bodies adopted certain procedures in which the general public had confidence. He was doubtful whether the amount, to be paid to the BEST Company, would be subscribed in full. The only course left to him was to get it underwritten. He consulted the highest officials of the Reserve Bank of India and on their advice decided on the rate of eight annas per hundred. The loan was oversubscribed in fifteen minutes and he wondered what would have happened had he not adopted the procedure. He had consolation to offer to those who had no confidence in the brokers on the approved list of the Reserve Bank of India who acted as underwriters. The whole thing was done by the Reserve Bank of India and Mr. Patel hoped that members would not express lack of confidence in such an unimpeachable body.

CREATING FINANCE DEPARTMENT

The Corporation referred to the Law and Revenue Committee a proposal by Mr. V. B. Gandhi, Chairman of the Standing Committee of the Corporation, for creating a "Finance Department" for the Bombay Municipality. He said that under the existing arrangement the management of municipal finances was carried on piecemeal by various departments which were independent of each other. It was therefore not possible to envisage the financial problems of the Municipality as a whole.

Mr. Gandhi explained that it was not his aim to create a rival authority to the Municipal Commissioner. The Financia. Officer he contemplated would have similar status like the Executive Health Officer or the City Engineer, subordinate to the Commissioner.

Messrs. Jamnadas Mehta, R. A. Gole and J. A. Collaco supported the principles behind the proposals.

BHARUCHA'S RESOLUTIONS.

Two motions from Mr. Naushir Bharucha, one recommending the replacement of the issue of grain rations by pounds instead of 'paylees' as the present method meant a shortage of 1 1/4 ounces per 12-ounce ration and the other suggesting the banning of the selling of race tips on the streets by hawkers as it encouraged gambling, were referred to the Law Revenue and General Purposes Committee.

The Corporation adopted Mr. Bharucha's resolution asking that papers regarding "urgent business" in the Corporation should be distributed amongst reporters to enable them to follow the debates without confusion.

SCHOOLS TO CLOSE IN MEMORY OF KELKAR.

Earlier, a special meeting of the Municipality's Schools Committee decided to close all municipal schools on Thursday as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Mr. N. C. Kelkar.

All-India Instructors' Training Camp

The following Press Note has been issued from the Secretariat of the All-India Congress Committee at Allahabad:

In pursuance of the programme chalked out by the General Secretary of the A.I.C.C., in June 1947, three all India Camps are to be completed before the end of this year. The first camp of G.O.Cs. from provinces was completed in July 1947 at Delhi and the second camp of Organisers was completed in September 1947 at Bombay.

It is decided to run the third camp of Instructors in United Provinces, immediately after Divali. The object of this particular Camp is to train provincial Seva Dal workers as instructors so that they may render efficient and effective service to their respective Provincial Congress Committees. The cadets after completing their training will bring about uniformity in training in provinces and will develop Seva Dal on the lines laid down by the Congress.

Whole-time workers sent through Provincial Congress Committees or the Provincial Volunteer Boards will only be admitted to this Camp. Hence those desiring to join this Camp should please immediately approach their respective P. C. Cs or Provincial Volunteer Boards.

KARACHI, Oct. 20 (UPI.) The Sind Government has taken over the control of the Sind Engineering College. Eight out of Nine senior professors resigned due to the changeover.

NEW COURT STARTS FUNCTIONING

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mr. P. S. [illegible] appointed Judge of a new court called "Labour Court, Bombay" which started functioning from today.

The Court is situated in the A.R.P. Building opposite the Bombay Telephone Company's workshop at Gell Street, Agripada. The Court at present will deal with textile B.E.S.T. and Bank disputes.

When the Court met today the strike dispute of Bombay Dyeing and Manufacturing Company Limited came up before it for hearing. The case was adjourned till Wednesday.

Similar Labour Courts will also function at Ahmedabad, Jalgaon and Sholapur to deal with labour disputes.

Jailed For Unauthorised Sale Of Rice

Bombay, Monday. For allegedly raised sale of 19 payees of rice to a hotel and thereby contravening the Bombay Rationing Order, 1948, Ismail Abdul Samaji, (30), was today sentenced to undergo six months' R. I. by Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon Police Court.

Samaji was arrested at Ahmedabad on July 16 last.

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WIDESPREAD RAINFALL IN MADRAS

POONA, Oct. 20 (API.) Following is the weather summary for Monday, the 20th October, 1947 :—

The Northeast Monsoon is strong along and near the Coromandal Coast and conditions may become unsettled over the southeast Arabian Sea off Malabar. A western disturbance is approaching Baluchistan. Rainfall has been widespread in the Madras Presidency and Mysore. Thunder showers have also occurred at a few stations in south Hyderabad, the south Bombay-Deccan and south Konkan, the southeast Central Provinces, Orissa and Assam.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 21ST EVENING : Rainfall will be widespread in southeast Madras, Mysore and Malabar and local and north Madras coast and in the south Deccan A few thundershowers are also possible in the south Konkan, along the Orissa-Bengal coast, in Assam and Kashmir

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING : Locally heavy rain will continue along the Coromandal Coast and occur over the extreme south Peninsula during the next thirty-six hours.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

Following is the weaher chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 8 hours (I.S.T.) on 20th Oct, 1947 :-

Ahmedabad 94 68 0 22.3 minus 5.9 Ahmednagar 88 65 0 25.7 plus 6.2 Allahabad 93 65 0 33.1 minus 4.6 Bangalore 81 66 0.1 30.1 plus 7.2 Baroda 94 61 0 27.7—Belgaum 85 64 0 35.0 minus 8.1 Benares 91 64 0 26.2 minus 11.2 Bhuj 94 65 0 9.1 minus 3.5 BOMBAY 89 79 0 73.6 plus 4.7 Calcuta 88 77 0 57.5 plus 6.5 Cherrapunji 71 57 0.2 340.3 plus 11.4 Colombo 83 73 0.2 38.3 plus 8.1 Delhi 89 62 0 18.5 minus 4.0 Gulbarga 87 65 0 27.3 plus 2.6 Hyderabad (Dn) — — 0 34.1 plus 10.3 Karachi 83 73 0 2.0 minus 5.9 Lahore 91 59 0 10.1 minus 3.6 Madras 93 74 1.0 22.8 plus 1.9 Mahableshwar 77 62 0 205.1 minus 49.6 Mangalore 84 73 0.3 121.4 plus 6.0 Marmagao 86 76 0 105.0 plus 11.5 Nagpur 90 62 0 37.3 minus 6.9 Palghat 87 73 01 63.8 Patna 91 71 0 55.8 plus 13.4 Poona 92 69 0.6 21.7 minus 0.6 Paichur 85 71 0.2 23.6 plus 3.1 Rajkot 94 67 0 16.0 minus 7.6 Sholapur 91 66 0 26.4 plus 3.6 Simla 59 45 0 39.3 minus 7.6 Surat 97 72 0 39.7 minus 9.5

Weather News For Farmers

Forecast till the morning of 22-10-47 :—

Rainfall will occur locally in South Desh, South Mawal the Bombay Karnatak, South Konkanpatti and at a few stations in the Hyderabad, Karnatak and Telungana.

Outlook for subsequent 2 days :— No large change.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"Life is given to us, we earn it by giving it."

—TAGORE.

The Bombay Chronicle

ECONOMIC PLANNING

"Plan or Perish" has justly been the slogan of all those who have realised during the war and later the supreme need for carefully planned post-war reconstruction. Even the old bureaucratic Government at the Centre, the Section 93 Governments in the provinces and several far-sighted industrialists realised this need during the last years of the war and framed some tentative plans, most notable among these being what has been called the Bombay Plan. Public criticism of these yielded fresh plans, mainly non-official, so that when popular Governments were installed both at the Centre and in the provinces they felt it necessary to revise the old plans in the light of public opinion and the rapidly changing political situation in the country. The task of revision was a huge one and has assumed colossal dimensions by the sudden and complete transfer of power, the partition of the country and its terrible after-math, and the legacy of many shortages caused during the war. Government, industrialists and the public are struggling with their own plans of reconstruction but, in the words of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, we are all finding ourselves in "a dense forest" and shall long remain where we are unless a determined effort is made to cross it. Sheer urgency and unexpected developments have compelled Government to take up the question of reconstruction more or less piece-meal, giving special importance to food and clothing. But a comprehensive, co-ordinated plan is now more necessary than ever, and a determined effort must be made to formulate plans for the country as a whole and its various provinces, for rural as well as urban areas.

In this connection the Governments concerned should give serious attention to the various suggestions made by the All-India Manufacturers' Organisation and its President, Sir M. Visveswaraya, at a special session of the body held on Sunday to consider ways and means to stimulate industrial production. This organisation has for several years past done much, by publishing booklets and otherwise, to promote industrialisation, and its President, it is no exaggeration to say, has specialised in planning for over a quarter of a century. In view of the continuing fall in industrial and agricultural production the Organisation has pleaded for the immediate appointment of a Minister of Production with a separate Secretariat and the Constitution of a Central Production Board consisting of the Central, Provincial and the State Governments, labour and industrial organisations and technical experts, presided over by the Minister of Production. The Organisation also justly pleads for better facilities for the free import of capital goods and replacement equipment and essential industrial raw materials. As there is uncertainty in the minds of many businessmen about the Central Plan and Government's share in or control over industries the Organisation has reason to suggest that "the plans and policies which the Government wish to initiate and enforce, at the Centre and in the Provinces, must be clearly enunciated at an early date, to bring about an atmosphere of certainty and security about the means, methods and agencies which Government propose to utilize in the immediate future, for increasing the industrial production in the country". Early publication of Government's plans will also enable the public to suggest improvements therein and to decide how best they can co-operate with the Governments.

To render possible the fullest possible exploitation of the natural resources of the country and the utmost co-operation of the public there should be a plan for every district as also general ones for provinces and the country as a whole. This, however, requires extensive economic surveys of the different districts and the publication of full relevent statistics about every district. Some such attempt was made in Bombay Province in 1939-40 by the Economic Survey Committee presided over by Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas. The general report of the Committee was supplemented by small reports, one for each district. The district reports were not based on any authoritative surveys but were nevertheless useful to the public in closely interesting them in the possibilities of economic development in their respective districts. Authoritative surveys and up-to-date reports for districts will doubtless mean much trouble and cost. But they are necessary and the cost will not fail to be amply repaid in the long run. It is well said that planning without tears is an impossibility.

U. S. Discretion

The United States seems, according to a recent press report, to have modified the courage of pro-Zionist enthusiasm with discretion. If that report is correct, U. S. delegates are positively fighting shy of going all out for their championship of the so-called partition "solution". The Latin American States are not being influenced by it to vote for the partition. Therefore, it will not be surprising if the American-Swedish resolution does not secure anything like a two-thirds majority in the United Nations Assembly. And since such a majority is necessary for the enforcement of the resolution, the proposals will fall through. It may be that the idea underlying this policy of inactive support, as it were, is that the Administration would have managed to avoid antagonising Zionist voters in the U.S.A. as also the Arab world.

Be that as it may, the Arabs have to be ready for every emergency and to fight for democratic principles and their rights. It is interesting to note that during the whole debate in the Palestine Committee, as indeed, during the entire Palestine controversy, no pro-Zionist has faced the challenge of principle. The Arab Higher Committee spokesman asked the Palestine Committee "where is the logic in depriving Arabs of self-determination for a quarter of a century in order artificially to create a minority and then turn around and claim for that minority the right of self-determination?" This is the crux of the problem, which the Arab leader could have put in very much more outspoken language. Nobody has ever answered this question except by evasion and nobody ever will. But that will not stop the pro-Zionists from manoeuvring and intriguing against Palestine and Arab rights. The Arabs realise that certainty and are preparing to meet the aggression. Movements, military and semi-military, in Egypt, Syria and elsewhere including Transjodan, are a warning to those who think that they can easily partition Palestine and deny the Arabs their rights.

Frankly Speaking

Give With Both Hands

The public cannot be too often reminded of their responsibility to contribute their mite to the relief of lakhs of destitute refugees in their many camps, mainly in Delhi. In an appeal issued the other day Sardar Vallabhbhai pointed out that millions have to be provided with the means of rehabilitating themselves in their new settlements. The task is certainly stupendous and demands the utmost co-operation and contribution from each one of us who, in the words of the Sardar, "is living in conditions incomparably better and who can afford to make sacrifices for a humanitarian cause". Cash commodities will doubtless, be welcome. But, in these days of cloth scarcity the Sardar has made a special appeal for blankets and warm clothing. All contributions are to be sent, without any avoidable delay, to the Punjab Relief Fund, No.1 Aurangzeb Road, New Delhi. As women and children among the refugees have suffered and are likely to suffer most, a special appeal on their behalf has just been issued by Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister. She makes a sound suggestion when she points out how we can turn evil into good by training many of the women refugees as teachers, nurses, midwives, skilled craftsmen and social workers in general. But they will long need relief as also the children. The public therefore should give help with both hands. Donations earmarked for women and children are invited to be sent to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel.

French Municipal Elections

Frenchmen have presented to the world a glaring example of political paradox. Paris is in the grip of a very successful transport strike called by the Communist dominated General Confederation of Labour and the strike threatens to spread to other towns, to railways and to shipping. In the same Paris as elsewhere in France, the anti-Communist "Rally of the French People", started and led by General de Gaulle is, if the first reports are any indication of final results, simultaneously scoring a noteworthy success in the municipal elections. The casualties of the election are the principal Government Parties, namely, the Social Democrats and the M.R.P. They appear to have been crushed between the two extremes. And that is the main misfortune.

Anxious Situation

The Communists had lately adopted a line which was not exactly wise. They withdrew from the Ramadier Government and opposed it both politically in the Chamber and industrially outside. Then, against the background of the Marshall Plan controversy between the Soviet Union and the West, there appeared the Belgrade "Little Comintern" which included the French Communist Party, too. All this inevitably led to the political issue being forced into one of Communism and positive anti-Communism. General de Gaulle seized the opportunity and has apparently won. As a news agency said on the eve of the poll, "the vote is a test of the strength between Communism and anti-Communism, is national and international in scope and Frenchmen generally seemed to sense the importance of their votes". And Frenchmen have reacted against Communism. In either case the result would have had national and international repercussions. And in either case developments arising out of the result would have been awaited with anxiety.

'U. N. O. Held Up To Ridicule'

India Govt.'s Charge Against S. Africa: Report To Secretary-General

NEW DELHI, Oct. 21.

In the view of the Government of India, the South African Government have completely ignored the United Nations General Assembly resolutions passed on December 8, 1946, relating to the treatment of Indians in South Africa, states the Report submitted by the Government of India to the United Nations at New York.

"Not only did the Union Government take no action to implement the resolution", says the Report, "but by refusing to agree to the Government of India's request to accept the terms of the resolution as a basis of discussion, they have clearly indicated that they have no desire to take any steps to remove the discriminatory treatment against Indians and other Asians imposed by legislation and administrative measures.

U.N. SUBJECTED TO RIDICULE

The Report points that spokesmen of the Union Government, including F. M. Smuts, have in their statements impugned the judgment and impartiality of the United Nations, denounced its composition and subjected it to ridicule. "The Government of India request that the United Nations should take note of these facts and decide upon appropriate steps to ensure implementation of the resolution and respect for the provisions of the Charter relating to fundamental freedoms without distinction as to race, language or religion."

NO COMMON BASIS FOR DISCUSSIONS

Referring to the correspondence between Pandit Nehru and F. M. Smuts, the Report says: "The net result was that no common basis for discussions could be agreed upon and the effort made by the Indian Government proved infructuous. The position today, therefore, is the same as, if not worse than it was at the time of the passage of the resolution of the General Assembly."

"The Union Government desired the return of the High Commissioner to South Africa for consultations.

"The Government of India preferred a Round Table Conference of representatives of both Governments, but were willing to send back their High Commissioner to South Africa for discussions provided the Union Government accepted the United Nations resolution as the basis of such discussions. The Union Government declined to do so."

BOYCOTT OF INDIANS

"One of the direct results of the resolution was the intensification of anti-Asian feeling in the Union. A movement was set afoot amongst Europeans to boycott Indian traders and to refuse employment to Indians in European concerns. During its early stages the movement was confined mainly to the Transvaal but subsequently it affected certain areas of Natal also."

"The boycott movement was, no doubt, unofficial in character but it had the active support of members of the Union Parliament of both parties."

PASSIVE RESISTANCE CONTINUES

"Meanwhile," continues the Report, "the Indian community has continued its campaign of passive resistance to the Asiatic Land Tenure and Indian Representation Act (the Ghetto Act)."

Since the passage of the U.N.O. resolutions (until 1st August, 1947) 204 persons have courted imprisonment making a total of 1,792 including about 202 women and 8 Europeans of whom 4 are women.

MUNICIPAL FRANCHISE DENIED

The Report mentions that proposals for municipal franchise to Indians, which were mooted in the early part of 1947, were defeated by Europeans. "The proposals of the Administrator of Natal, which in themselves were not satisfactory to Indians, foundered on the rock of racial prejudice and subsequent proposals were so discriminatory and segregatory in character that they were wholly unacceptable to Indians."

Recruitment Of Administrative Personnel

GOVERNMENT COMMITTEE IN BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Oct. 20.

The Government of India's Manpower Committee which has been deputed to report on the question of recruitment of administrative personnel needed by the Central Government and the availability of outside talent for such appointments, is in Bombay.

Mr. A. D. Gorwalla, Chairman Mr M. J. Desai and Mr. L. K. Jha, members of the Committee, during their stay in the city will obtain views from informed opinion on the question and will also meet representatives of business and other interests.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

The New Rent Bill

Sir,—The Bombay Government, in introducing the new rent bill in the present Poona Secessions of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, will take into consideration the following facts, before passing it.

On account of the scarcity of business tenaments they are sublet by a tenant without the knowledge and permission of the landlord by taking pugrees. Therefore a provision in the bill should be enacted by which a tenant should not be allowed to sub-let the premises in his occupation or a portions thereof, without the permission of the landlord and without informing the Municipality of the locality. Because the Municipality loses one of its great sources of revenue, on account of the suppression of the fact of getting more rent by a tenant from his one or more sub-tenants as the premises in his occupation remain unassessed in the Municipal records, for the extra rent recovered by a tenant, for himself. In this way a tenant is profiteering, without paying the legitimate municipal taxes, under Section 147 of the Bombay City Municipal Act, thereby causing heavy loss to the Bomoay Municipality to the extent of rupees five to ten lacs.—Yours, etc.

SUNDERRAO D. NAVALKAR.

Students And Social Service

Sir,—The Madras Government's decision to introduce legislation making obligatory on under-graduates in the province to render one year's free social service to qualify them for taking the degree" is a step in the right direction. If every undergraduate is asked to educate atleast 20 illiterate adults before a degree is conferred upon him, the problem of adult education will be easily solved. Even after students complete their studies the government should let the task of educating a particular group or groups of persons rest on the shoulders of these students, lest the percentage of educated people may be at low ebb.

A similar legislation calling upon the primary teachers who spend an idle life for almost six months in a year, to go to their own villages and educate the village-folks during the vacation, before they can qualify themselves for promotion in their salaries can also be introduced. It will go a long way towards eradicating illiteracy if increments are offered to the teachers in consonance with the number of boys and or girls to whom they have been able to impart educational knowledge. Will the education ministries rise to the occasion? Yiurs, etc.

—N. R. MOORTHY.

Muslims And The State

Sir,—"We Mohamedans who have preferred to live in Hindustan will be well advised to do everything possible to cast off the suspicion which the other communities have about the sincerity of our patriotism, because of the happenings before and after the achievement of Pakistan.

I suggest that we voluntarily send in our maximum contributions to the Central Government to be utilised for the general uplift of the suffering people of Hindustan, and the Government will do us the favour of issuing us receipts on special tricolour paper which we can display on our premises as token of our love for our nation. If, together with this, we were to don white KHADI caps (not necessarily Gandhi cap and fly the Hindustan tricolour flag on our premises on all important and festive occasions we will, I am very confident, win the love, which remains brutally tampered to-day, back from the other communities here.

Mere words assuring our patriotism can have little effect We must have something concrete to prove to the world that we sincerely mean what we profess. Let us all work hard and raise our status in the eyes of the World. Then only will we be happy and then only have won true Freedom."—Yours, etc.

MAHIM SIDDIQ ALI.

Mauritius Labour Party

Sir,—The "Bombay Chronicle" for July 28th reached Mauritius only on Saturday last. Your readers will excuse me if my reply to your correspondent appears somewhat late in your highly esteemed daily.

I am concerned with the remarks made in that number about the Mauritius Labour Party. The wholesale condemnation of the Mauritius Labour Party has shocked your Mauritian readers. I shall single out an instance to show how far facts have been misrepresented. The "Mauritius Letter" reads in part:—

"At one meeting organised by the Party (The Mauritius Labour Party) in the north of the island one of the so-called Hindu leaders (it would be more correct to say: self-appointed leaders) complaining of the Rs. 2 daily wages of the Indian labourer, went to the length of saying that 'if the labourers were not given, adequate wages to live upon, they will have to sell their wives, which gives an entirely wrong idea of the women's morality of the island.

"Fortunately another Hindu intervened and gave the former a fitting reply."

The meeting was held at Goodlands, North Mauritius. To the Mauritian reader "one of the so-caled leaders" is well-known. An account of the meeting was given by Le CERNEEN-LE MAURICIEN-ADVANCE in its issue of 28-6-47.

How I wish your correspondent could have had the patience of reading the account from beginning to end. Everybody who has read the "Chronicle"—and let me tell you that the Indian daily is widely read and preserved here—agrees with me that I have been aimed at. In the account given of the meeting by our dailies, it has been stated that I "did" utter the words fathered upon me.

But I must add that, in all fairness, the refutation given by me on that occasion has not been omitted. When the other Hindu took me to task, I pointed out that I had been misunderstood.

Translated into English, my explanation runs thus:—"The wives of labourers are at times compelled to work under those who ill-treat them, insult them and go to the length of striking them."

Far from giving "an entirely wrong idea of the women's morality of the Island, "my words, as explained by me, on the very spot where they were misunderstood, give rather an idea of the behaviour of those who shamelessly ill-treat the fair sex. And it is interesting to note that the other Hindu who "intervened" did not insist to the effect that he had rightly interpreted my words.

I am quite an old hand at public speaking. Quite long ago two of my important speeches were published in book form.

The speeches made by me at the Constitution Consultative Committee will soon appear in a French garb.

I had on the day the meeting was held the added advantage of expressing myself in the French 'Patois' (Creole).

Besides, whatever I have done directly and indirectly to further the cause of Indian women at once absolves me from the charge laid at my door. In the very first speech delivered by me at the Constitution Consultative Committee, I raised a voice of protest against female suffrage accorded to only one section of the population. I am glad to state that my argument has ultimately had the desired effect. The Right Hon. Secretary of State for the Colonies has been pleased to state clearly in his despatch, dated 16-8-47, that along with men all women "who are able to read and write simple sentences and sign their names in one of the certain specified languages (including Hindi, Hindustani, etc.) to the satisfaction of the Registering Officer shall be entitled to vote."

I am generally spoken of as the right-hand man of Professor Basdeo Bissoondoyal, M.A., who is a great champion of the emancipation of women.

No social reformer has ever organised our womenfolk as he has done. Thanks to his untiring efforts, there is to-day in Mauritius a well-disciplined organisation known as the "Manila Mandali". Since I am his co-worker, I may be allowed to state that I am indirectly responsible for the existence of such a useful organisation.

One has only to attend one of Professor Basdeo Bissoondoyal's lectures to know if he or his co-workers can ever be charged with having in any way cowardly attacked Indian women. (You will note that I am laying stress on the term 'Indian'. The overwhelming majority of women who attend my meetings are of Indian descent).

Nobody has so far been able to attract such big audiences as the learned Professor does, every week.

Ever since his release from prison (vide my article entitled "Professor Basdeo Bissoondoyal goes to Jail" "Modern Review", April '46), more than 60 times a loud-speaker has been set up to enable him to make himself heard by each and everyone attending his lectures. And, more often than not, women are as numerous as men in those lectures.

It is precisely because Indian women suffer humiliation on the occasion of horse races that more than two lakhs Indo-Mauritians boycotted the biggest meeting held this year.

Professor Basdeo Bissoondoyal, M.A., Mr. Sookdeo Bissoondoyal, his brother, I and other co-workers spent sleepless nights. Everybody approached by us gave us a helping hand.

When our efforts were crowned with success the daily "L'Oeuvre" described the boycott as an unprecedented 'Hartal'.

Your correspondent breaks my heart when he paints so black. What is more heart-rending is that he is out to disparage the whole party to which no less a fighter than Dr. Cure belongs.

Believe me, Sir, that the Mauritius Labour Party is doing much—of course in its humble way—for the uplift of the neglected masses.

Any effort made to speak in disparagement of the Party that has been so unfortunate as not to have a good press, is simply to hit below the belt. —Yours, etc.

S. BALGOBIN.

Port Louis,
Mauritius, Sept. 29.

Anglo-American Trade Rivalry

By P. P. BALSARA

During the second World War, the two Anglo-Saxon Powers, Britain and America, brought together by common peril, worked and fought together with a remarkable degree of harmony. But as hostilities ceased, they once again became commercial rivals and, taking into account the needs of both countries to pursue foreign trade aggressively, we must not blind ourselves to the danger of serious friction between them. This danger is enhanced by the present divergence of political trends in the two countries. Steps which any British Government, whatever its political creed, would be forced to take to secure that volume of trade without which Britain cannot survive, may appear in American eyes doubly offensive when adopted by an administration which professes socialism. But Britain's swing to the left does not alter the basic problems with which the country is faced; and it is the nature of the problems which will determine their solutions rather than the men responsible for solving them.

AMERICA'S NEED FOR EXPORTS.

Among the major belligerent Powers only the United States has escaped physical damage except in its outlying territories. But although not damaged by war, America is certainly not unaffected by it. Its economical and social pattern has been pulled out of shape by the strains of industrial expansion during the war. The war required an abnormal expansion of American industries, and the maintenance of that position and the consequent increase of export trade are, therefore, of vital importance to that country. Some of its best economists estimate that America must export three times as much as it exported just before the war if it wants to keep its industries running and to have relatively high level employment. In America, "the future of private enterprise is very dark without a solution of the problem of mass unemployment. The whole world is at present hungry for goods of every description and is looking to America, with its fields unravaged and its enormous industrial equipment not merely intact but greatly expanded, as its main source of supply. America must, therefore, increase her exports as much as she can, both for the sake of the world which requires all kinds of things and for maintaining her own economic structure by preventing mass unemployment.

NEW BATTLE OF BRITAIN.

Turning to Britain, we find that there also the vital need of the country is more exports. A high standard of living implies more imports, and more imports can only be paid for by greater exports. Before the war, Britain's imports were met by export of goods and the invisible export of shipping, insurance, financial and other services and by the income on her foreign investments. A big slice of her overseas assets has been sold since the start of the last war, mainly for the purpose of paying for war materials. The other items of invisible exports also do not bring in as much as they used to do. The result, therefore, is that to meet the big imports necessary for a high standard of living, Britain must now increase her exports to a great extent. If she cuts her imports, she automatically reduces her standard of living. Without big imports, there would be starvation, let alone prosperity, in Britain. Again, reduction of imports by Britain would react unfavourably on the economies of many other countries. Before the War, 55 per cent of Denmark's exports went to Britain, as also 45 per cent of Finland's, 28 per cent of Norway's and 24 per cent of Sweden's. Even Holland, Spain, Portugal and Argentina depended upon Britain to absorb a large share of their exportable surpluses. As it is Britain finds it difficult to maintain her trade equilibrium to-day and is faced with economic crisis. To meet the crisis, Government has taken powers as great as and possibly greater than, those used to prosecute the war, to promote the productivity of industry, commerce and agriculture, to foster and direct exports, to reduce imports and to balance the trade. A vigorous drive is to be made for exports to be increased to 140 per cent of pre-war value during the first half of the next year and to 160 per cent in the latter half. In the words of Mr. Attlee, a new Battle of Britain has to be won by the people of Britain for saving their country from bankruptcy and starvation.

SERIOUS RIVALRY.

Thus, both in Britain and in America, there is a tremendous drive for foreign markets, and, in that state of affairs, one is tempted to ask if there is room in that field for both? The Americans say that the British compensate for industrial backwardness by their political smartness, and that while America concentrated on the war efforts, the British Government was busy devising schemes to monopolise post-war trade. They also say that Britain has great advantages in this sphere due to her overseas possessions. The British, on the other hand, complain that America makes use of dumping and export subsidies, and also her ability to give longer credits to gain foreign markets. They also maintain that the present foreign policy of the United States—the conversion of China and Japan into semi-colonies, her expansion in the Middle East, the far-reaching penetration of American Capital into Italian industries and aviation, the position taken by her in Africa, the 20 per cent share of the United States in the foreign trade of India, the entire foreign economic policy of hers,—entails squeezing Britain out of her positions in every part of the world. Leaving aside these charges and counter-charges, one must admit that there is a keen rivalry to-day for foreign trade between America and Britain. But one must also admit that in the interest of future Anglo-American relations and in the interest of the world as a whole, it is imperative that these two leading democratic countries must come to some understanding on this question. Some Americans say that Britain would be well advised to retire from the role of great power which it has played so long. They say that instead of trying to swim against the current of history, Britain should shed responsibilities it no longer has the strength to bear. They advise her to wind up her empire, send half of her over-crowded population to the Commonwealth countries and to settle down to a quiet old age. But Britain, although it acknowledges the wounds of the war, scoffs at the suggestion that they may prove fatal. It admits, that, for the moment, it is financially strapped, but believes that it has assets, tangible and intangible, which will enable it to make a comeback. Having saved the world, her people now propose to save themselves by their exertions.

To-day the big Powers are America, Britain and Russia, but both America and Britain are suspicious of Russia, and we have two rival political camps on that account. If Britain and America do not settle their economic differences, the free countries of the world being divided into a number of economic blocs and as economic blocs or trade blocs breed political blocs and political blocs lead to war, co-operation between America and Britain on financial and trade questions is vital for the world. Both America and Britain are trying to come to a settlement on these questions and to maintain a friendly rivalry inside their present partnership which started with the beginning of the war, and on the result of their efforts depends the peace and prosperity of the world.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

About one million people in Germany were suffering from active tuberculosis, it was stated at a Doctors' Conference in Nanheim, the German News Service in the British Zone reported on Sunday.

—Reuter.

* * *

Appealing to Indians to realise their responsibilities, the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, said at Lucknow that it was necessary to make our ideas clear about the revolution for which we were struggling today.

Then what happens to the Dream, without which life won't be worth—living?

* * *

During the past 27 years of our political struggle, the Prime Minister pointed out, our mind had been clear and our political aim had been the establishment of a free and democratic State.

He should concede that it is only natural that the mind of some, having stood the strain for 27 long years, has resorted to a change.

* * *

Report of a Lake Success debate: As to the need for the Assembly organ to deal with the questions of peace and security, M. Gromyko asked, "Why do we have the Security Council? What's it for?"

The Veto.

* * *

Replying to Zionist claims and the American proposal, the Arab Higher Committee spokesman told the Palestine Committee that "it is with our liberties, our freedom and national existence that we are concerned. These cannot be measured by, or bartered for, dollars".

Stuff and impertinent non-sense. What are liberties, freedom and national existence in the face of the will of His Almighty, Super Majesty, the Dollar (1948)?

* * *

"Where", asked the Arab spokesman, "is the logic in depriving Arabs of self-determination for a quarter of a century in order artificially to create a minority, and then turn around and claim for that minority the right of self-determination?"

A naive question by a man who simply doesn't understand and cannot put first things first.

* * *

Reporting on the eve of the French municipal elections, the UPA said "the vote is a test of strength between Communism and anti-Communism, is national and international in scope and Frenchmen generally seemed to sense the importance of their votes".

And how!

Finland & Indian Writers

(From A Correspondent)

HELSINKI, Oct. 14.

The Finnish PEN CLUB entertained Professor B. K. Barua at a special party held on the 6th of October at Helsinki. There was a distinguished gathering of professors, artists and writers of Finland. Mr. Barua spoke about the progress of modern Indian literatures. Mrs. Salminen, secretary of the club, and a well-known playwright, in thanking Mr. Barua remarked that the Finnish people were already well acquainted with the works of Tagore and the writings of Mahatma Gandhi. Mr. Snellman, the former Director of the Finnish National Theatre, who some years ago translated the Bhagavat Gita into Finnish, spoke about the Buddhist Society of Finland. The Society has already made several publications of Buddhistic literature. Dr. Hirn, Professor of Aesthetics, University of Helsinki, requests the Indian writers to forward copies of their works published in European languages to the University Library of Helsinki, which is also a State library. "The works by Indian writers will not only be ready with enthusiasm in Finland", says Professor Hirn, "but many of them will be rendered into Finnish in no time, for the Finnish are great lovers of books."

Brockway's New Venture

LONDON, Oct. 20. (UPI.) A fortnightly national magazine, to be called "World Opinion", is to be started during the next three months. It will be edited in London and printed, to begin with, in German and English, in Vienna.

The joint editors are Mr Fenner Brockway, who recently joined the Labour Party after years with the I.L.P., and Mr. Julius Braunthal a famous Viennese editor before the Nazis got there.

Mr. Brockway told the "United Press of India" that the magazine is intended to develop a sense of world citizenship. Negotiations are now taking place for French, American and Indian editions.

WITHDRAWAL FROM KOREA

U. S. Refuses To Discuss Soviet Proposal At Joint Commission Meeting

SEOUL, Oct. 20 (Reuter).—The Soviet delegation to the first meeting of the joint Soviet-United States' Commission on Korea since Sept. 26 stated today that the United States' delegation "refused to discuss the Soviet proposal that troops should be withdrawn," and proposed that the Commission should recess.

The Soviet Delegation has been instructed by its Government to return to the Capital of the Soviet (Northern) Occupation zone.

The exact date for the departure of the Soviet Delegation has not been fixed, and a direct acceptance of the recess proposal has not been given.

The meeting today was attended by Major General Albert E. Brown, the United States Member, and Colonel General T. F. Shtikov, the Soviet representative.

A reply was read from Lieut.-Genl. John Hodge, United States Commander in Southern Korea, to the recent Soviet demand for the removal of Chang Taik, Police Chief of Seoul, for alleged statements hostile to Russia.

The Police Chief was alleged to have said that the Soviet delegation on the Joint Commission was engaged in organising Communist institution in the United States occupied Southern Korea.

General Hodges' reply said "Chang's entire report is based upon evidence supplied by a large number of competent witnesses and is borne out by facts long since established by American investigation."

General Hodge said that "in view of the continuing and increased flood of vitriolic propaganda and vicious perversions of facts released through Radio Pyongyang (capital of Soviet-occupied Northern Korea), it is difficult to understand extreme sensitiveness when well-founded reports are made by a Korean official indicating Communist connections and planned subversive activities within the American occupied zone of Korea."

No action would be taken for the removal of Police Chief Chang, the General added.

BIGGEST HYDRO-ELECTRIC SCHEME FOR BOMBAY

(Continued from Page 1)

Gopi raised the question of the relative merits of this project and that of using power from the Jog Hydro Electric project in the Mysore State. It was in answer to this suggestion that Dr. Glider, Minister for Public Works stated that the preliminary report on the project had already been received. According to this report, the possibilities of the Kalindi project were far greater than it was thought to be. The final report and the estimates were due in December. The Government would then proceed to formulate a scheme.

NEED FOR MORE POWER

He further stated that the previous administration had contracted with the Mysore Government for the supply of 5,000 horse power or 3,750 kilowatts of power at high tension bars at .24 annas per unit.

The Bombay Government would have to transform it for its own use. A Special Officer deputed for the purpose had reported that even if the supply were doubled, it would not be enough to meet the growing needs in the next five years when Government would have to think of an alternative. Besides the Government will have to virtually write off 174 lakhs of rupees in five years.

KALINDI REPORT

It was at this juncture the Kalindi report had come in. Therefore Government had come to the conclusion that it would supply power from Jog only to places in the neighbourhood where it could be economically given. Government was willing to face even a certain loss but there must be a proper promise of power being taken up.

As far as Kanara District was concerned the Minister stated that a special Officer had been deputed by Government to consider the question of the location of industries in that District. He was hopeful that receiving treatment such as that accorded to the depression areas of Britain, Kanara would become a land of great estates.

TRANSPORT SERVICES

During the discussion of the motion for the nationalisation of motor transport Sir Abdul Latif Haji Hazrat Khan said that permission to the smaller Municipalities like Ahmedabad, Poona, Surat, and Sholapur to run motor services may lead to very inefficient service as these Municipalities were subject to party feuds.

Mr. Morarji Desai who had sponsored the Government motion said that the working of the bus service in Ahmedabad had showed that such fears were unfounded. Municipalities would be allowed to finance motor services within their areas. If they were unable to do so the Government would take over the services.

The House also passed 9 other Bills which had already been approved by the lower House. The only two Bills now left are the Harijan Temple Entry Bill and the Village Panchayat Bills. Mr. R. G. Soman, President stated that these would be taken up on November 3.

Speaking on the Bill to provide for warehouses, Mr. Sonusing Patil said that Government itself should undertake the erection of warehouses. He stated that the Weights and Measures Act was not being properly enforced and unless certain malpractices in this matter were ruthlessly put down, it would go against the agriculturist. He suggested that breaches of the Weights and Measures Act should be made cognizable.

Speaking on the Bill to provide for the removal of agricultural pests, Mr. Kashinath Mannalal pleaded for special aid to agriculturists in providing chemicals for treatment.

Security Council Deadlock Persists

President Suggests Postponement Of Ballot, Ukraine Failing To Get Required Majority

FLUSHING MEADOWS, New York, Oct. 20. (Reuter): The deadlock over the election of the last member of the Security Council remained unsolved to-night when close voting for India and the Ukraine once again resulted in a negative decision after delegates had ballotted for the tenth time. 24 votes went to India and 29 to the Ukraine the required majority being 35. A new ballot was ordered.

Nine previous ballots which were held for the Security Council membership failed to obtain a majority for either India or the Ukraine.

The last ballot resulted in 24 votes for India and 32 votes for the Ukraine.

Candidates for the Trusteeship seats are Siam, the Philippines, Norway and Costa Rica.

An elementh ballot was also inconclusive, India receiving 25 votes and the Ukrains 30.

POSTPONEMENT SUGGESTED.

The President then suggested that further ballots should be postponed.

The number of valid votes cast were 55 and the majority required in this case was 37.

The General Assembly, which was meeting in Plenary Session, was also to elect the remaining two members of the Trusteeship Council.

The Security Council should have 11 members, the Trusteeship Council M. Jan Masaryk, for Czechoslovakia, said, "I have been instructed by my Government to declare that Czechoslovakia is not prepared to figure in any future combination as far as membership in the Security Council is concerned."

Voting then proceeded on the two seats in the Trusteeship Council.

M. Masaryk's remarks were understood to mean that Czechoslovakia would not permit itself to be a candidate for the next Security Council ballot. A proposal had been under consideration to suspend the rules of procedure and throw the ballot open to other candidates in addition to India and the Ukraine.

U. N. FLAG.

Later, the Assembly unanimously adopted the proposed design of the New United Nations flag—an ensign of light blue with the official United Nations emblem embroidered in White.

EQUAL PRIVILEGES TO ALL IN PAKISTAN

Ghazanfar Ali's Assurance To Minorities: Praise For Gandhiji And Nehru

RAWALPINDI, Oct. 20. (A.P.I.): Mr. Ghazanfar Ali Khan, Pakistan's Food Minister, who arrived in Rawalpindi on his "peace for minorities" mission addressing a mammoth public meeting in the Municipal Gardens yesterday evening declared that freedom was indivisible in Pakistan and the non-Muslims who stayed back would enjoy equal rights and privileges with the Muslims.

ASSURANCE TO MINORITIES

Mr. Ghazanfar Ali Khan who was repiying to an assurance of loyalty to the Pakistan State given by a section of the non-Muslims in the city said that acts rather profession were the best criterion of loyalty and the non-Muslims who elected to stay in Pakistan permanently would be considered loyal citizens of the State unless they proved otherwise.

Mr. Ghazanfar Ali Khan strongly criticised the speeches of certain Congress leaders in the Indian Union calling upon Indian Muslims to prove their professions of loyalty to the State. "It is difficult for me to believe", he said: "That in the modern era such a fantastic demand could be forthcoming from quarters which have been claiming to be the staunch champions of democracy and justice. Such demands are a direct negation of the moral and political conceptions, for whose success the modern world is endeavouring today".

TRIBUTES TO GANDHIJI AND NEHRU

Mr. Ghazanfar Ali Khan paid glowing tributes to Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Nehru for their "laudable efforts" for peace and inter-communal goodwill in the Indian Union, and said that but for them the Indian Muslims would have found themselves in a more pitiable plight".

"Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Nehru," he added, "are doing their level best to save the Indian Muslims from the onslaughts of the unruly and lawless elements.

PAKISTAN URGED TO BE SOCIALIST

KARACHI, Oct. 20 (API).—A resolution recommending that the constitution of Pakistan should be Socialistic was passed by the Council of the Sind Provincial Muslim League at its meeting yesterday.

The Council further suggested that the constitution of Pakistan should be so framed as to provide complete freedom for every province to function independently, and the Pakistan Union should be constituted in such a manner that each component unit, big or small, should have equal representation both in Executive and Legislative bodies.

NISHTAR FOR LAHORE

Sardar Abdur Rab Nishtar, Minister for Communications, Pakistan Government, left Karachi for Lahore by air today. He is expected to return to the capital on October 23.

BAN ON FIREWORKS

KARACHI, Oct. 20 (API).—To preserve peace in Karachi on the occasion of Dusserah the District Magistrate has banned letting off or throwing fire works or lighting a bonfire for one week with effect from today.

TRIPURA STATE FORCE DISARMED AT FENI

FENI (NOAKHALI), Oct. 19 (API)—A contingent of the Tripura State Force, while going to Belonia—a Sub-Divisional Headquarters, 16 miles from Feni—was detrained at Feni Railway Station for 24 hours, during which period the members of the force, it is stated, were all disarmed.

This step was taken by the Local authorities following an incident in which a member of the Force was alleged to have assaulted a passenger. On hearing the news of the assault, an infuriated mob surrounded the train when a member of the train was alleged to have fired a blank shot. Timely intervention of the Sub-Divisional Officer, however, presented the situation taking a serious turn. The Contingent left the station after 24 hours' detention following the incident.

Aga Khan Undergoes Minor Operation

PARIS, Oct. 20. (Reuter): The Aga Khan to-day underwent a minor operation here. The operation lasted one hour and 15 minutes, and the Aga Khan's condition as he came out of the anaesthetic was described by his Surgeon as 'perfectly normal and completely satisfactory in every respect', according to the Aga Khan's Secretary.

The operation was a minor one for a tumor which the Doctor stressed was not malignant.

LINGUISTIC PROVINCES

Madras Council Adopts Official Resolution

MADRAS, Oct. 20 (API)—The Madras Legislative Council passed an official resolution this evening stating that "redistribution of Provinces on a linguistic basis is a necessary prerequisite to the framing of a constitution for India" and urging that the Constituent Assembly should take it up at its next meeting.

It also urged that "steps should be taken for enumerating the Provinces of India on a linguistic basis, particularly Tamil Nad, Andhra, Kerala and Karnataka as forming separate Provinces under the new constitution, and provision be made for early appointment of Boundary Commission or some other machinery suitable for the delimitation of the boundaries of those Provinces."

G.I.P. CONTRADICT JHANSI REPORT

BOMBAY, Oct. 20 (API):—The G.I.P. Railway authorities in Bombay this afternoon contradicted a Jhansi report that the Assistant Transportation Superintendent, Jhansi Division, was arrested on the charge of opening fire to repel an attack on a railway train. There is no truth in the report, it was stated.

Be Indians First

Morarji Desai's Appeal To Poona United Parsi Association

POONA, Oct. 20. (A.P.I.): An appeal to the Parsi community to come forward and play their part in the national life was made last evening by the Home Minister, Mr. Morarji Desai, speaking at the inaugural function of the United Parsi Association in Poona.

Now that India had become free, he said, it was necessary to see that the differences which divided the people into communities and sections were minimised. No matter to what community or religious faith in India one belongs, it should be possible for every person in the country to say with pride that he or she was an Indian first. Sectional differences should not be allowed to retard the growth of nationhood. He looked forward to a society. Where everybody would be free to follow his own faith while fully identifying himself in the nation.

Sir Cowasji Jehangir inaugurated the Association and said he for one, had no doubts about the future of the Parsi community, if the younger generation of Parsis emulated the spirit of enterprise and service to the country and to their community of the Parsis, who came out to India and settled down 1,300 years ago.

Mr. Mithan Lam, Sheriff of Bombay, blessed the new institution and appealed to Parsi women, to respond generously to the Premier's call for providing refugees in Northern India with warm clothes.

Mr. Homi J. H. Taleyarkhan gave an account of the activities of the Parsi Association, started in Bombay about a year ago.

BRITISH GOLD SALE IN NEW YORK

LONDON, Oct. 20. (Reuter): Fifty million sterling worth of gold has been sold in New York since September 15, the British Treasury announced to-night.

Twenty million sterling worth was sold on that date, and a further thirty million sterling worth during the past month.

The British Treasury also announced that a purchase of 120,000,000 dollars was made yesterday from the International Monetary Fund.

This was in addition to the purchase of 60,000,000 dollars from the Fund in September.

In connection with the sale of gold, the Treasury said that "arrangements have been made for various shipments of gold at suitable intervals to New York to meet our dollar needs.

Enquiry Into "Bermuda Sky Queen" Disaster

BOSTON (Massachusetts), October 20 (Reuter): An enquiry into the forcing down in mid-atlantic last week of the flying boat 'Bermuda Sky Queen' on a charter flight from Britain to the United States with 62 passengers and seven crew, will open in Washington on October 30, Mr. R. W. Crisp, Chief Investigator for the Civil Aeronautics Board, said here.

Mr Crisp said that the crew had been interviewed and statements obtained from the passengers when they landed here last night in the coastguard cutter Bibb.

The flying boat said to have run out of petrol through meeting strong headwinds was sunk by gunfire after being battered by waves for over a day.

FIGHTING IN MANCHURIA REACHES NEW HIGH PITCH OF INTENSITY

Three Important Government Cities In "Critical Position"

NANKING, Oct. 20 (Reuter).—Fighting between Communists and Government forces in Manchuria reached a new pitch of intensity in the past 24 hours as several more Communist units crossed the Sungari river to join an onslaught on key Government positions, today's despatches said:

Reports of the 'critical position" of three important Government cities—Kirin, 60 miles east of Changchun, Tehhwei, a railway bastion guarding Changchun's northern approaches, and Fushun, one of China's greatest coal mining centres 20 miles east of Mukden—coincided with the arrival of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek in Peking for the second time within ten days to confer with top ranking military leaders on the Manchurian situation.

It was believed here that the Generalissimo would make another flying trip to Mukden—headquarters of General Chencheng, Government Commander-in-Chief—before returning to Nanking.

ASSAULT ON KIRIN

According to latest Government despatches, a three-pronged communist assault on Kirin, on which Changchun depends for its electric power supply, succeeded in cutting off all communications and heavy bitter fighting is still going on.

At the same time, Communists were said to be "ceaselessly hammering", Tehhwei from the east, south and west shelling Chialun station on the Changchun—Kirin Railway, and besieging Kiutai, only 15 miles north-east of Changchun.

In the Mukden sector, coal minuers were evacuating Fushun as rumblings from Communist heavy artillery became increasingly audible.

Meanwhile, in north-east Shantung, which the Nationalists claimed to have "cleared" less than a week ago, Communists seem to be staging a comeback.

Semi-official despatches this morning said, Communists shelled We Hai Wei as well as Nationalist Warships in the harbour with heavy artillery. Nationalist airforce reinforcements were reported to be rushing to the aid of the defenders whose position was significantly described in Government messages as "obscure."

Plan For Mass Exchange Of Populations

Neogy Reveals Govt.'s Proposals For Settlement Of Evacuees

NEW DELHI, Oct. 20. (A.P.I.)

Mr. K. C. Neogy, Minister for Relief and Rehabilitation, stated at a press conference today that Government hoped to achieve complete evacuation of non-Muslims from West Punjab and the North-West Frontier Province and Muslims in East Punjab within six or seven weeks.

Mr. S. K. Kirpalani, Secretary of the Department, said that approximate figures showed that about 22 3/4 lakhs of people, of whom over five lakhs were officially stated to be in camps, had been moved from West Punjab and 25 1/2 lakhs of Muslims had been evacuated into Pakistan. About 18 lakhs of people, it was estimated, were still to be evacuated from West Punjab and 23 to 24 lakhs from East Punjab.

LARGE-SCALE CONVERSION

Mr. Neogy said that the figures did not take into account the number of the people murdered, converted or who had died of disease and privations. Statements from "very many places" showed that conversion had taken place in very large numbers".

Mr. Kirpalani said that evacuation from Sind and Baluchistan was not officially recognised. It was estimated that 10,000 people were evacuating from Sind every week.

50,000 Muslims had gone out of Delhi to Pakistan, but it was not known how many of them were citizens of Delhi.

Referring to problems of resettlement, Mr. Neogy estimated that when the capital of East Punjab was chosen, it was proposed to acquire land to accommodate about 10 lakhs of people. It was expected to have an industrial section in the capital which would be a modern town in every sense.

"FACT FINDING SERVICE"

Mr. Neogy revealed that a "fact finding service" under Diwan Chamanlal Pandit, an evacuee member of the legal profession, had been set up to prepare "authentic records and evidence pertaining to breach of agreements between the two Dominions regarding searches, food, etc". The service would also gather "evidence regarding atrocities perpetrated on non-Muslims in Pakistan". The Forward Fact Finding Party in Amritsar would be a part of the main organisation in Delhi.

EXCHANGE OF POPULATION.

Mr. Neogy added: "Evacuation is being arranged from West Punjab, North-West Frontier province, Sind and Baluchistan. Plans are being drawn up by both the Dominions for mass exchange of population between East Punjab on the one hand and west Punjab and North-West Frontier province on the other. Movement of minorities between East and West Punjab will be largely by rail and a co-ordinated plan approved by both the Dominions by which regular refugee specials will be run in both directions, will be introduced shortly. A special organisation consisting of representatives of military vacuation organisation and railways of both Dominions will be set up to control, co-ordinate and speed up evacuation.

"The Ministry of Relief and Rehabilitation have requisitioned all civilian aircraft available after meeting the requirements of scheduled air services, for the evacuation of non-Muslims by air from the North West Frontier Province and distant places in West Punjab, Baluchistan and Karachi.

REHABILITATION OF AGRICULTURISTS

"Rehabilitation of agriculturists is proceeding fairly rapidly in accordance with a plan drawn up by the Government of East Punjab. About 84,000 tons of wheat seed have already been distributed to districts and an indent for 20,000 tons has been placed in the U.S.A. The Governor of East Punjab has secured 6,000 tons of seed from Orissa and the Government of India have made an allotment of 9,000 tons.

In consultation with the Government of India, East Punjab Government is ending out forward scout parties to Alwar, Bharatpur, Kotah and Mysore States to survey the prospects of absorbing refugees. As soon as the results of the survey are known the dispersal of some of the refugee groups will begin.

HOMELESS WOMEN

High priority has been given to the rehabilitation of homeless women and unattended youths and children. The Government of India are immediately starting a home in Delhi and propose to make arrangements for starting another Home in East Punjab or United Provinces.

Earlier, Mr. Neogy revealed that as a result of the recent conference with Pakistan it had been decided to pool the rail resources of the two Dominions for the evacuation of refugees.

Morarji's Statement On Riot Casualties

(From Our Special Representative.)

POONA, Oct. 20.

From the beginning of the disturbances till July 15 this year 913 persons were killed in Bombay and 100 persons were killed in Ahmedabad due to various causes. The damage to property in the Greater Bombay area and in Ahmedabad has not yet been fully estimated This information was given in the Bombay Legislative Council by Mr. Morarji Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue in answer to questions put by Mr. R. N. Mandlik.

VICTIMS OF FIRING

The inister stated that 6 men and one woman had been killed in Ahmedabad due to firing. Fifty-three men, 2 women and 4 children had been killed in Bombay city by the same means. Forty-five men and 2 women had been injured in Ahmedabad and in Bombay, 233 men, six women and six children had been injured.

Stabbing however claimed a heavier toll. In Bombay 841 men, 3 women and 9 children had been stabbed to death and 1,350 men, 6 women and 8 children had been injured in stabbing affrays.

In Ahmedabad the figures were 93 men and women killed and 199 men and 2 women injured.

Acid throwing accounted for the death of 1 man only in Bombay, the rest of the cases resulting only in injury. Casualties in this case were 39 men, one woman and 5 children in Ahmedabad and 459 men, 12 women and 7 children in Bombay.

COLLECTIVE FINES

Till July 15 this year, collective fines amounting nearly to Rs. 198,000 were levied in Bombay city and nearly Rs. 65,000 in Ahmedabad.

Asked for casualty figures according to communities the Minister said that it would not be in public interests to give the figures communitywise.

Mr. Mandlik:—"When will it be possible to give these figures".

Mr. Desai:—"When it becomes a matter of history".

Mr. Mandlik:—"Can I ask that question then?"

Mr Desai:—"Yes, if the Honourable Member is alive then" (laughter)

D. F. Karaka

Off My Chest

I have just returned from Nagpur where I went at the invitation of the students of the Law College to speak to them. The students of Nagpur—not only of the Law College—are all as keen as mustard. The women of Women's College are also a fine lot. Nagpur seems a spot ideally suited for study. It is sufficiently quiet to be free from the distractions of a major city like Bombay.

It is for Government's Education Departments to consider the possibility of building in India a complete University town which would have as many as 20 or 25 colleges. The advantage of having a complete University town is beyond question. Our young men and women, who will play a great part in the future of this country, must have the necessary environment in which to receive their education, to chew it and digest it. Bombay, Calcutta and Madras do not satisfy the requirements of a student. Politics, Amusements, etc., are too distracting. A University town should be free from all this.

Bombay-Mangalore Steamer Service From Next Week

KARWAR, Oct. 18. (A.P.I.): The coastal steamer service carrying cargo and passengers run by the Bombay Steam Navigation Company between Bombay and Mangalore will be resumed from next week.

Service which should have commenced normally much earlier, was delayed, owing to the vessels being commissioned for carrying refugees for Karachi to Bombay.

GAULLISTS SCORE IN FR. MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

Communists And Socialists In Algeria Lose Several Mayoralties

PARIS, Oct. 20 (Reuter).—General Charles de Gaulle's party—rally of the French people—today increased its polly to 40.5 per cent of the 4,500,000 votes so far counted in yesterday's French municipal elections, it was stated tonight.

The Party scored this gain at the expense of the Popular Republican Party, whose percentage dropped to eight and a half. Communists and Socialists held their ground, polling about 30 per cent slightly less than 20 per cent respectively.

It was expected in Paris that the de Gaullists success would lead to a realignment of party strength in the Government soon after Parliament meets next month, with the emphasis moving from Left to Right.

More than half of the votes from the larger cities have already been counted. Results from small towns were fragmentary, but indications were that they would not alter the general picture appreciably.

First results from Algeria showed that Communists and Socialists had paid for the success of the Gaullists. They lost several Mayoralties. In Metropolitan France, neither party suffered noticeably, but the Popular Republicans—second largest group in Parliament—lost support. Circles close to General de Gaulle said that in spite of the success of his party's candidates, he would bide his time.

The most likely development, it was stated, would be the formation of a "Centre" Government which would try to carry out a programme on the lines the General had set down, but without his direct participation.

Reuter's correspondent in Paris wrote that the talk of the President of the Republic calling for General de Gaulle was premature at this stage, but if the trend continued and the General was able to claim he had 40 to 50 per cent of the electorate behind him, repercussions on the Parliamentary and Government plane would follow soon.

Hyderabad Delegation Postpones Departure

Final Touches To Draft Of One-Year Agreement

NEW DELHI, Oct. 20 (API).—"The corner is being turned, if not actually turned." This sums up the latest position in regard to the negotiations that are now in progress between the Government of India and the Nizam's representatives. Contrary to the original schedule the Hyderabad Delegation is not leaving for the State tomorrow. They had a meeting with Lord Mountbatten and Mr. V. P. Menon today and they are again meeting them tomorrow. The delegation is leaving for Hyderabad on Wednesday and is expected to return to Delhi on Saturday.

It is understood that there is now in existence a mutually approved draft agreement for a period of one year which will continue in principle the pre-August 15 relations with the State. Certain "loose ends" need to be tied up and the Hyderabad Delegation will have another meeting with the Governor General tomorrow. The draft is being recast and redrafted, the details of which still remain a secret.

Mandal's Assurance To Minorities In Pakistan

DACCA, Oct. 20 (API.) Mr. J. N. Mandal, Minister for Labour and Law, Pakistan Government broadcasting from Decca station of the Pakistan Broadcasting Service last night, expressed confidence that nothing untoward would happen during the coming Punjab an idd celebrations. He said that the minorities in Pakistan should rely on the assurances of protection given by the Quaid-i-Azam and should not leave Pakistan.

Mr Mandal is leaving for Karachi this morning.

LUCKNOW, Oct. 20. (U. P. I.): Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Governor of U. P., was at home to Jawaharlal Nehru, Prime Minister of India, when more than 1,000 covers were laid. All prominent military and civil officers, members of different political parties and groups and citizens attended the party at the spacious lawns of the Government House.

FRANKFURT, Oct. 19, (Reuter): The United States' zone of Germany sent over 5,000 tons of manufactured goods as reparations to 11 nations including India during the first half of October, the fortnightly report of United States Military Government announced today. The goods came from 17 plants in the zone.

KING WELCOMES 'THE TWO NEW DOMINIONS'

(Continued from Page 1)

came into being. Thus was brought to fruition the declared policy of Parliament that the peoples of British India should achieve complete autonomy within the British Commonwealth. I trust that the most cordial relations will rule between India and Pakistan and the other members of the British Commonwealth.

CHANGE IN PRINCES' RELATIONSHIP

"The relationship which had so long subsisted between the Crown and the ruling Princes of India has inevitably also changed. I acknowledge with gratitude the loyalty and devotion of the Indian rulers to myself and to my Royal predecessors and I hope that in association with India and Pakistan their ties with the Commonwealth will endure.

"I remember gratefully the services of all those men and women who have served the Crown in India and all those who have given their best in the service of the peoples of India and particularly I am mindful of the faithful gallant services of the men of my Indian forces in time of war.

"I am grieved at the grave disorders now occurring in India and Pakistan. My sympathy goes out to the Governments and peoples of both Dominions in their present troubles and especially to the refugees now seeking new homes".

Dr Vythilinga In U.S.

NEW YORK, October 19, (Reuter): Dr. K. K. Vythilinga, Medical Director in charge of the newly created Research Council of India, arrived at La Guardia airport from Bombay to spend four months studying the organisation of the National Research Councils of the United States and Canada, in order he said, to develop India's Council along the same lines.

He said that plans made for large-scale organisation "in keeping with the medical needs of our country." There was "terrific need for some sort of research council to make studies with particular reference to Malaria, tuberculosis, cholera and smallpox.

His studies here are under the sponsorship of the Rockefeller Foundation.

ATHENS, Oct. 18, (Reuter): Anti-cholera precautions were intensified in Greece today following reports of the spread of the epidemic in Egypt.

Treaty Of Alliance Or Exchange Of Population

Dr. Abdul Latif On Hyderabad's Relations With Indian Union

HYDERABAD (Dn.) Oct. 20. (O.P.I.): Commenting on negotiations between Hyderabad and the Indian Union over Hyderabad's joining the Indian Union Dr. Syed Abdul Latif says there is no valid reason for the Indian Dominion Government to disregard Hyderabad's proposals, for a Treaty of Alliance and insist on only Accession.

Under the Independence Act and Draft of Instrument of Accession prepared in pursuance of that Act it is the ruler who is to decide on Accession "exercise of his Sovereignty in his State" and not the people.

EXCHANGE POPULATIONS

"Caste Hindus", he says, are divided into three groups, Andhras, Canarese and Maharata. Across our border they have their own respective racial and linguistic Provinces and Dominion. If they strongly feel that they will be happier there than in Hyderabad, the Indian Government may arrange with Government of Hyderabad for peaceful exchange of caste Hindus and Muslim population. It might probably prove in the long run a blessing both to Hyderabad and the Indian Dominion.

"Years should always be preferable to a sudden and violent exchange of population as is now being effected across the Divisional Lines in the Punjab. An impartial Commission may be appointed to arrange the exchange and assign compensation in all forms to respective migrants. In that way the Hindu-Muslim problem which has since August 15 last assumed a different and more difficult character than hitherto will be peacefully solved for ever. The proposed exchange will cause less discomfort to Hindus than to Muslims inasmuch as Hindu provinces are just contiguous whereas Muslims will have in many cases to be brought in from distant places."

Concluding, he said, "If this alternative which is but a reaction to the proposed referendum is unpleasing to the Indian Government, then let it agree to a Treaty of Alliance honourable to both."

Accession To Pakistan Need Not Disturb Normal Relations

Junagadh Explains How Failure Of Attempt To Form Independent Group Of Kathiawar States, Led To Ruler's Choice

JUNAGADH, (By Mail.)

The Publicity Officer Junagadh State, writes:—

There appears considerable misrepresentation concerning Junagadh's attitude in the matter of accession, as reported in some of the messages coming from Delhi, said Sir Shah Nawaz Bhutto, Dewan of Junagadh in a statement to the Press. "Junagadh had never made up its mind either to join Indian Union or Pakistan until early August. Till then it was striving for the formation of an independent group of Katniawar States which could link its future with either of the two Dominions that served the best interests of Kathiawar. But lack of unity and perhaps personal ambitions in some quarters foiled the scheme and Junagadh was left to make its own choice in the best interests of the State and its people. The Press Note of April 11 did nothing more than declare that the suggestion that Junagadh had already arranged to join Pakistan was but wishful thinking. What Junagadh pre-eminently stands for, said the Press Note, was the solidarity of Kathiawar and would welcome the formation of a self-contained group of Kathiawar States.

'GODAVRI' EPISODE

"The report that the Pakistan Navy Sloop 'Godavri' brought three ship loads of coal, arms and Muslim refugees into Junagadh is entirely incorrect. The sloop made a courtesy call at Veraval on its way from Bombay to Karachi and nothing more. So also the reports that dacoits have been released from jail and armed and that goonda elements are abroad in Junagadh are entirely false. The exodus of people, mostly higher and middle class Hindus from towns, seems to have been organised by secret schemers from outside who spoke of this threat long before the accession to Pakistan was announced. A sense of complete security prevails in the State and masses of villagers, Hindus and Muslims, are daily sending petitions and letters to His Highnness assuring him of their loyalty and condemning the present agitation. In fact during the last days those who had left Junagadh are returning in considerable numbers to resume their normal avocations.

ECONOMIC POSITION

"Junagadh's economic position is no doubt made difficult by the neighbouring States and political organisations allied to the Congress, but we confidently hope that our brother States will see the futility of this attempted strangulation. Some of them have already realised that the methods employed against Junagadh may have repercussions on their own States. Pakistan has come to our help by alloting 8,500 tons of food grains, 1,500 tons of coal and arranging also for the required supplies of petrol and other commodities. We have had a good "kharif" crop, which will enable us to tide over the food difficulties for a considerable time.'

INDIAN UNION'S ACTION

"It was not necessary for Junagadh to enter into a separate Standstill Agreement with the Indian Union, because it was felt that once it made similar agreement with Pakistan, the latter having Standstill Arrangements with the Indian Union, Junagadh, would be treated on the same footing as the rest of Pakistan. Strangely enough the Indian Union seems to have ignored or neglected its obligations in so far as Junagadh was concerned. The postal and telegraph communications were stopped for a while and the Air Services of India was directed to suspend its service to Junagadh. Again the Pakistan Government has come to our relief and arranged to open a bi-weekly air service.

GEOGRAPHICAL POSITION

"One more point I would like to emphasise. The argument of geographical contiguity which has been repeated "ad nauseam" seems rather misleading. Certainly no provision has been made to this effect in the Indian Independence Act and it can not be so compelling, as made out in several quarters, for Junagadh because the State has a fairly long coast with ports which can keep touch with Karachi practically throughout the year. I only hope that the rest of Kathiawar would realise that the accession to Pakistan would not disturb the normal relations with Junagadh which can still continue to co-operate with them in so many fields of communal life".

Pakistan And Junagadh State

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, Oct. 18

To avert food shortage in Junagadh State which has acceded to Pakistan, a shipload of wheat and rice—about 7,000 tons of foodgrains are being sent by the Sind Government from Karachi.

This was probably decided at the Pakistan Food Conference held in Lahore as the announcement was made immediately on his arrival here after attending the Conference, by Mr. R. R. Pearce, Director of Civil Supplies (Sind).

It will be recalled that to keep the State of Junagadh connected with Pakistan, a daily air-service between Junagadh and Karachi has been started.

PAKISTAN REJECTS OFFER OF COAL FROM SOUTH AFRICA

It is learnt Pakistan Government has finally rejected the offer of South African Government for the supply of 40,000 tons of Coal in exchange of supplies of Jute and other commodities.

This decision of the Pakistan Government has been welcomed by Hindu and Muslim communities in South Africa who are fighting jointly for their elementary rights there, said Mr. Ahmed A. R. Ghani, a leading businessman of Johannesburg, who is now in Karachi. He further said that the colour bar was still very much in existence in South Africa and he was glad to find Pakistan and Hindustan co-operating against South Africa in their common struggle.

SAFETY DEVICE FOR REFUGEES

A new safety device to save refugees travelling by trains in Sind, has been put into operation by which all such passengers are put into one bogie guarded by special police.

"This has resulted in producing the desired effect inasmuch as crime on railways has ceased" said a high railway official in an interview. He further assured that "of late conditions of travelling had improved and there had been no major incident of assaults, robbery or throwing out of passengers from running trains."

KARACHI, Oct 20 (UPI). Seven seers of gold value at 50,000 belonging to Mr Kishan Chand Narainda a merchant from Shikarpur, was stolen while in transit from Karachi to Bombay.

'Expansion' Of Nizam's Army

State Spokesman Deprecates Press Reports

HYDERABAD (Dn.), October 20. (A.P.I.): Referring to Press reports relating to "expansion of the Hyderabad Army", a Government spokesman deprecated the reports and said that Government had decided long before to increase the strength of the army to 12,000 so as mainly to cope with any possible internal disorders or internal aggression. These units consist of Regulars and irregulars. Efforts were, however, being made through proper channels for obtaining equipment which, at present, is poor.

The spokesman denied the reports that Hyderabad had secured Sherman Tanks or Brenguns and other equipment through the British officers who have left, under the cover of "scrap". He also denied that Hyderabad had any proposals to increase the present strength of the army.

He pointed out that a regular modern army such as maintained by foreign powers would be a "white elephant" for Hyderabad, and if organised on that scale would consume the whole revenue of the State.

The budget provision for the Hyderabad Army was about a crore of rupees, which was a small percentage of the General Revenues of the State. The spokesman added that the Commander of the Hyderabad Army was at present in the United Kingdom for treatment of his eye and not to "secretly negotiate for arms and ammunition and obtain them."

"MILITARY EXCESSES"

The spokesman described as "propaganda" the alleged military excesses in the districts and said that it had however, come to the notice of the Government that on one or two occasions the military guarding the frontiers of the Dominions against smuggling, was involved. Government had investigated into the cases and suitable punishments were meted out to the offenders.

The spokesman denied that refugees had been enrolled into the army. They did not satisfy the Army standards, he said.

Dr. B. C. Das Gupta, Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, was given a reception at the Taj Mahal Hotel on Saturday evening on the eve of his leaving for Delhi to take up the appointment of the Deputy Director-General of Health, Government of India. Photo shows Dr. Das Gupta to the right of the Municipal Commissioner, Mr. B. K. Patel (addressing).

WRITERS' AND ARTISTS' PEACE COMMITTEE

Two Processions On Id And Dusserah Days: Call For Volunteers And Workers

Sometime ago a Writers' and Artists' Peace Committee was formed in Bombay to promote communal harmony and goodwill in the city, to rally support for the Nehru Government in its efforts to prevent the forces of disruption from sabotaging our newly-won freedom.

On the 2nd of October, Gandhi Jayanti day, this Committee organised an impressive procession of the leading writers, film artistes, intellectuals and students through the main streets of Bombay and gathered unprecedented support for such an undertaking. Not only did the main political parties willingly offer their co-operation but lakhs of people rallied round the procession and very moving demonstrations of communal goodwill and unity were witnessed throughout.

Since then the Committee has been able to convey its message of Peace and Unity to nearly a lakh of people who have so far attended the various shows, song recitals, etc., organised by the Committee in furtherance of its programme.

The Committee has now become a permanent body and wants to carry on further effective work to implement its aims.

The efforts of this Committee have already been blessed by the main political parties, the Mayor's Citizens Peace Committee, the Press and many eminent public men.

This Committee now appeals to all those who have sponsored its work to maintain their moral support and to concretely help in the following ways:—

(1) The Committee could be strengthened if donations were offered by its well-wishers and men of goodwill to provide the necessary finance to carry out its campaign.

(2) The Committee, while pledging its support to all efforts for the relief and rehabilitation of the refugees, would welcome the support of the refugees themselves in allaying panic in this city. Our brothers who have suffered in the North are, we know, desirous of ending the disruption of which they themselves have been the victims and are keen to prevent hatred from spreading.

(3) The Committee would like to avail itself of the support of various volunteer associations and calls upon them to contact the Secretary at the above address (in the evenings).

(4) The Committee invites willing workers who are desirous of taking part in the plays, tableaus, song and dance recitals, etc., which we hope to organise in pursuance of our campaign, to report to the Secretary at Deodhar Hall (in the evenings).

(5) The Committee hopes that all citizens of goodwill will rally round the two Peace processions which we hope to organise immediately on the Dusserah and Id days.

All information and details with regard to the compaign of the Writers and Artists Peace Committee will be published from time to time or can be made available by the Secretary at the I.P.T.A. Deodhar School of Music, French Bridge, opp. Opera House.

HANSRAJ MORARJI PUBLIC SCHOOL

Parents' Day Celebrations

(From Our Correspondent)

ANDHERI, October 20.

The annual Parents' Day of the Hansraj Morarji Public School was celebrated at the premises of the school at Nav Gujarat, Andheri yesterday afternoon before a large gathering of students and their parents and guardians. The students of the school presented an interesting programme of music, dancing and dramatics. Two historical plays, "Amichand" and "Akhandit Akta" (Indivisible Unity) and a social comedy were also staged by them.

Mr. Dhirubhai Desai the Principal of the school in welcoming the guests gave a short account of the activities of the school during the last year and thanked the parents and guardians for their whole-hearted co-operation in the conduct of the institution.

Shet Charandas Meghji, the Chairman, in addressing the students expressed gratification at the progress made by the school from year to year and complimented the management on its success. The achievement of independence had added to their responsibilities as future citizens of a free India and he exhorted his young friends to equip themselves to bear those heavy responsibilities of citizenship.

Dewan Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri, the Chairman of the Board of Trustees, in thanking the guests re-iterated his faith in residential schools and appealed to the parents and guardians to take an increasing interest in the activities of the school.

Bogus C. I. D. Officer Arrested

BOMBAY, Monday.

Anokhlal Ganesh who was said to be absconding for the last 10 months, was arrested on Saturday afternoon on a charge of having posed as a C.I.D. officer and extorted a sum of Rs. 240 from a person.

It was stated that the accused and two others accosted the complainant on December 5 last year near the Portuguese Church Girgaum and posed as a C.I.D officer. He told the complainant that he was wanted by the police and that he could hush up the trouble provided he was paid Rs. 1,340. The complainant was taken in a hack-victoria to the Rajabai Tower where he paid the accused Rs. 140 and promised to pay the remaining sum next day. The following day the accused went to the Central Bank, Mandvi Branch where the complainant was employed, got Rs. 1,200 from him and disappeared since then.

On October 18, the complainant identified the accused and informed the police. The accused was subsequently arrested.

He was remanded into police custody by Mr Kantilal Thakore, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court this morning.

TO PROMOTE GOODWILL WITH PAKISTAN

Burmese High Commissioner On His Mission

KARACHI, Oct. 20. (A.P.I.): U Pe Kin, the Burmese High Commissioner in Pakistan who arrived here last night, said: "Pakistan is a new State, but its people are not new to us; many ties have linked us together in the past and I hope these links will continue to the mutual interest and benefit of both countries.

"It shall be my constant endeavour to promote understanding and goodwill, so that in course of time Burma and Pakistan together will help Asia to attain a proud position in the world both economically and spiritually."

GOLWALA CLASSES AND COMMERCIAL EXAMS.

In the commercial examination held by the Institute of Commerce, London, held on 10th August 1947 the following students of the Golwala Classes, Bombay, have passed the examinations (all in first-class):—

Miss Khurshed P. Davar (shorthand, 100 words p.m.); Miss Khurshed P. Davar (typewriting, inter); Miss Shasikant L. Desai (typewriting, inter); Mr. Manubhai B. Shah (book-keeping, advanced); Mr. Minocher J. Amra (book-keeping, inter); Mr. B. J. Khambata (book-keeping, inter); Mr. B. J. Khambata (business training and office routine (adv.) The result is 100 p.c.

Kashmir Will Be Friendly To Both Dominions

NO HASTY DECISION WITH REGARD TO ACCESSION, SAYS PREMIER

SRINAGAR, Oct. 20 (API): Mr. Meharchand Mahajan, Prime Minister of Jammu and Kashmir at a Press Conference here today declared that whatever decision His Highness might eventually take about the status of the State, keeping in view the public opinion in the matter, whether the State would remain independent or accede to any of the two Dominions, it would always remain on friendly terms with both the Dominions and he was sure both the Dominions would allow the State to arrive at a decision according to its economic and other circumstances and in proper time.

No decision on the crucial question, he said, could be taken in haste and when peoples vision was clouded by communal frenzy and when balanced public opinion was not available.

Mr. Mahajan appealed to leaders of all political parties to give their full co-operation and said he would welcome exchange of ideas with all leaders of thought in the State so that he might be able to tender advice to the Maharaja and his people about the correct course to be adopted in deciding the political questions.

"People who wish to sabotage the existing Government and substitute a parallel Government of their own", Mr Mahajan added, "will undoubtedly be treated as rebels and if caught will share the fate that meets all rebels. Those who wish to carve a communal State in the Dominion of the Maharaja will find no quarter with me".

The Prime Minister said that he had come with an open mind and had no rigid political creeds and theories.

TRIBUTE TO ABDULLA

He was satisfied that constructive work for one's country irrespective of ideologies was what was needed at the present moment. He believed that the Government of His Highness must be one which takes decisions with the co-operation and consent of the peoples representatives and was ultimately responsible not only to the Maharaja but also to his people. The people of the State were genuinely loyal to the person of the Maharaja and he was loved by them all and they regard him as a ruler with progressive ideas.

His Highness wished to take no decisions to which his loyal subjects were not consenting parties. In the discharge of his duties as Prime Minister he said, he would not be guided by any communal considerations whatsoever.

He welcomed the lead given to the people of the State "by that great leader of Kashmir", Mr. Sheikh Abdulla. Mr. Mahajan said that he was glad that before his arrival here Mr Abdulla was a free citizen and he was delighted to say that he had an occasion of making his acquaintance before assuming charge of his office.

"It will be my sincere endeavour" he added "to be friendly with him and other leaders of political parties in the State excepting of course those who are disloyal to the person of His Highness and his dynasty and have pledged their loyalty elsewhere and wishes to create disturbances in the State.

TROUBLE IN STATE BORDERS

"As regards the trouble in the state borders", Mr. Mahajan continued "I have heard with regret the news of raids from Pakistan side. I am sure that the state forces will teach a lesson to the raiders. I intend to request the leaders of the Dominion to take effective measures to prevent these raids. I have also learnt with surprise that authorities of West Punjab have non-co-operated with the state and have acted in breach of the stand-still agreements in preventing the supplies of petrol cloth and food reaching the state. Communication lines have also been blocked and stopped. I hope to write to my friends in West Punjab drawing their attention to this unfriendly act. I expect from them prompt treatment as good neighbours.

"I cannot but express my sense of deep appreciation for the help, advice and assistance given to the Government of His Highness by the leaders of the Dominion of India and the Government of His Highness is deeply thankful for this friendly gesture."

SWITZERLAND OF EASTERN HEMISPHERE

He said he expected "brotherly co-operation and affection" from all officers and servants of the Government and warned that if there were any who were disloyal, they would be ruthlessly dealt with. "I assure you", he said "we can change the fortunes of the people residing within the dominion of His Highness and find enough food and other necessities of for them and raise their standard of living if we work for economic and industrial development of the state. Work and employment must be found for all irrespective of religious labels. Allow capital to flow from all neighbouring countries and outside into the state with proper safeguard for local residents. No capital can flow inside the state and no men of learning will come to our Switzerland" unless internal security within the state is guaranteed and fear from external aggression is eliminated. As regards internal security I can guarantee it forthwith. The Kashmir Government is strong and powerful enough to give this assurance".

Mr. Mahajan said that he was there in a spirit of loyal service to the ruler and his people and with the firm conviction that Kashmir would once again be the cultural home of India and Pakistan, rather of the whole civilized world and would be called the Switzerland of eastern hemisphere.

SHANNON AIRPORT, EIRE, Oct. 19, (Reuter): A Transworld Airlines cargo plane carrying three-quarters of a ton of penicillin crystalline earmarked Teheran, touched down at Shannon Airport tonight on its way from New York to Bombay.

There was also a quantity of cholera serum for Alexandria aboard.

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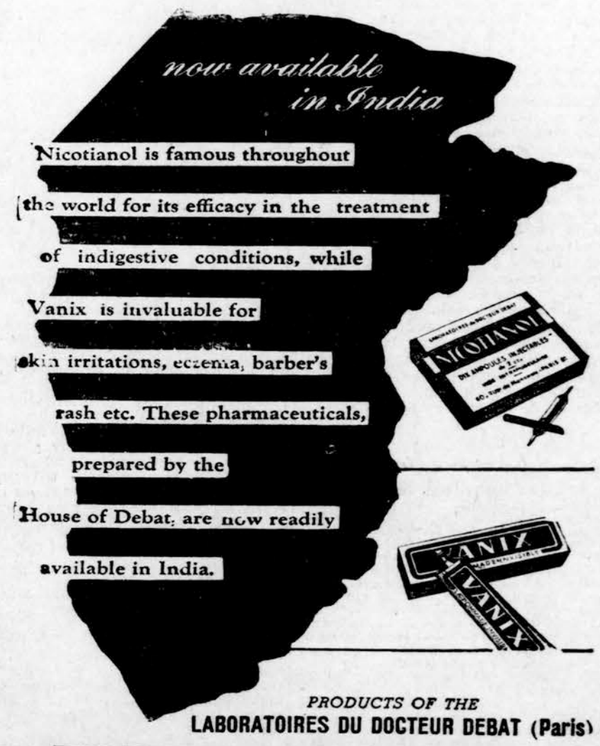

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SHARE BAZAR RECOVERS AFTER EARLY DROP

Cotton Prices Improve On Renewed Speculative Support

Bullion Market Steady With Scattered Covering

Bombay October 20

The Bombay Stock Exchange was quiet to-day with restricted business. News from Delhi were disappointing to the effect that the question of a revision of the textile policy with particular reference to an increase in prices has now been shelved. There was some disappointment over this news in the market which opened lower as compared with the previous close. There was not great selling pressure and after initial losses the market recovered few points on short covering.

At the opening Tata Steel Defd. shares were quoted at Rs. 1730 and declined at Rs. 1720 which was the lowest level for the day. Thereafter there was steady covering and Defds improved at Rs. 1747 when further improvement was checked and the market reacted at Rs. 1737. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 352 and declined at Rs. 348 but improved at Rs. 352 and steadied at Rs. 350. Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 1050 and after declining at Rs. 1040 advanced at Rs. 1057. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 545 and after touching Rs. 543 improved at Rs. 548. Simplex shares opened at Rs. 225 and were steady at Rs. 228. Swadeshi shares opened at Rs. 570 and after improving at Rs. 574 steadied at Rs. 572.

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1065 Kohinoor 547 Swadeshi 573 Nagpur 291 Simplex 228 New Great 370 Gokak 318 Indore 565 Century 975 Colaba 250 I. Bleaching 138 Swan 337 Finlay 294 Morarji 515 Edward 690 Meyer 230 Apollo I. U. Ordinary 14/15 I. U. Defd. 2/12 Madhusudan 280 Poddar 325 Khatau 340/10

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord. 350 Tata Steel Dfd. 1737/8 Second 153/8

CEMENT

Associated Merger 159

INDUSTRIES

Burma 488/12 Belapur 273 Shivrajpur 35/8 Scindia 35/6 Construction 185/8 Tata Chemical 14/6 Tata Oil 64 Indian Iron 33/14 Bengal Steel 26/2

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ord 125 Tata Hydr. 175 Andhra X. D. 1667/8 Power 1770

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 82 Phoenix 1310 Ind. Mid. 4460 Kooria 271/4 Dawn 1845 David 150 New City 217/8 Minerva 200 Bradbury 620 Bharucha (Defd.) 7/8 Bharat 46/4 Mysore 285 Madhavji 19 Model 207/8 Laxmi 1645 Vishnu 637/8 Western 4315 Standard 508/12 Sholapur 6060 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 4500 Tata 72 Ahmedabad Advance 427/8 Sassoon Silk 79/8 New Union 20/8 Madhusudan 292/8 Shrinivas 380 Raja Bahadur 125 Berar 280 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 55 Simplex Cpn. 122

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 148/4 (New) 111/4 Surat 170 New Prem. 110 Karachi 155 Broach 12/8 Ajmer 12/8 Amalgamated 14/12 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 165 Bombay Suburban 160 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem. 100

BANK SHARES

Reserve 115/8 Imperial 2270 P P 552/8 Central 88/8 Coupon 19/8 India 243/4 Union 10 Baroda 161/8 Habib 150 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 64 Jaipur 52 Hindustan Com 42 Mysore 367/8 Exchange (Ord) 50 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 6300 Empire 760 New India 70 Juyiter 33/10 Vulcan 14/6 Indian Mercantile 55 Universal Fire 15/12 British India General 20/4 Ind. Prud. 36/8 Neptune 6 New Great 27 All-India General 31

RAILWAYS

C. P. 107/8 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 100

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock X. R. 296/4 Steamer 557/8 Burma New 158/12 B. B. Petrol 3/0/3 Mackenzie 150 Port Canning 75/4 Kemp 495 Zandu Pharmacy 190 Indian Investment Trust 103/8 Wimco 275 Dharamsey Chemical 33/8 Mukund Iron 12/2 Dena Trust 20 Alembic 240/4 Supreme India 142/8 Jamwire 110 Bombay Uganda 80 Bombay Motor Cycle 42 India Cement 32 Walchand Nagar Industries X. R. 165 United Motor 70 ACC New 91 Bombay Safe Deposit 865 Hydri Construction 17/10

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 206/14 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1400 Tata Power 1470 Hydro 136/4 Bombay Steamer 323/12 Nagpur 702/8 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 825 Laxmi 308/12 New Great 268/12 Poddar 115 Srinivas 101 Elphinstone 222/8 Bradbury 537/8 Surat Elec. 171/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 127/8 (Second Pref.) 126/4 Amalgamated 127/8 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 110 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 17/10 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance 145 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100 Madhusudan 12

DEBENTURES

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8 B. Steamer 1959 (8) 107 (Hume Pipe (6) 111 Tata Power 1951—102/8 Walchandnagar (6) 117

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/0/6 B. I. C. 8/8 Burma Corporation 3/15/6 New Victoria 5 New Victoria Preference 6/8 Raja 29 Phalton 100 Gold Mohor 305 Kaiser-i-Hind 380 Sajjan 280 Osmanshahi 255 Ajamshahi 226 Air Service 13/4 Air India 197/8 Ambica 13/4 Hind Motors 7/4 I Steam 13/3 Sone Valley 9

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, Oct. 20.

MILLS.

Apollo 3/15 3/14 4
Bharucha (Deld.) 7/8
Bharat 46/4 46/8
B. Dyeing 1045 40 62/8 55 57/8 52/8 55
C. India 291 88 93 91
Elphinstone (Pref.) 122/8
Finlay 295 92 94 93 94
Gokak 315 14 17 16 19 17 18
I. U. (Defd.) 2/12 2/11/6 2/12
I. U. (Ord.) 14/15 15 14/15
Indore 557/8 65
Kohinoor 546 43 44 42 49 45 47
Laxmi 1645
Model 207/8
Morarji 515
Simplex 227 24 28
Swadeshi 570 73 68 75 73
Swan 337
Tata Mills 72
Vishnu 642/8 37/8

BANKS.

Baroda 162
Central 88 89 88 88/8
Habib 150
Imperial (Old) 2270
Imperial (New) 552/8
India 243/8
Reserve 115 15/8

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 145 46/4
B. Tram 125 25/12 25
Hydro 175
Hydro (Pref.) 135/10 36/4 (Ex. Div.)
Power 1772/8 70
Power (Pref) 1465 70

INSURANCE.

I. Mercantil 55
New India 69/8 70
Scindia 34/8 34 35/6

STEEL.

B. Steel 26/4 26 26/2
I. Iron 34 33/10 34 33/14
Tata (Defd.) -730 15 35 20 40 32/8 55 40 50 35 40 37/8
Tata (Ord.) 350 46/8 49/8 49 52 48 50
Tata (IInd Pref.) 153/4 53/8

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock 295 96/4
A. C. C. (Old) 158/8 59 58/8 59
A. C. C. (New) 91
Belapur 274 72 73
B. B. (Old) 482/8 86/12 87/8 88/12
B. B. (New) 160 58/2 58/12
I. I. Trust 103/8
P. Const. 185 83 85/8
Tata Chem. 14/4 14/6
Tata Oil 64
Wimco 271/4 75

SPECIAL.

Central Coupon 19 19/8
Simplex Coupon 124 22

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, Oct. 20.

	Rs. as. p.
2-1/2 p.c. 1954	98 12 0
2-1/2 p.c 1950	100 14 0
2-1/2 p.c. 1961	97 7 0
2-3/4 p.c. 1948-52	101 1 0
2-3/4 p.c. 1960	99 14 0
2-3/4 p.c. 1975	99 8 0
3 p.c. Non-Terminable ..	100 12 0
3 p.c. 1986 Con.	100 12 0
3 p.c. 1949-52	102 6 0
3 p.c. 1951-54	102 13 0
3 p.c. 1953-55 ...	102 13 0
3 p.c. 1957	102 11 0
3 p.c. 1959-61	102 5 0
3 p.c. 1966-68	101 12 0
3 p.c. 1970-75	101 12 0
3-1/2 p.c. 1947-50	100 4 0
3-1/2 p.c 1954-57 ..	105 14 0
4 p.c 1948-53	103 0 0
4 p.c. 1960-70	113 12 0
4-1/2 p.c 1950-55	106 0 0
4-1/2 p.c. 1955-60	114 2 0
4-1/2 p.c. 1958-68 ...	117 8 0

PROVINCIAL LOANS

2-3/4 p.c. U. P. 1961 ..	98	8	0
2-3/4 p.c. Madras 1961	99	0	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1955 ...	102	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay 1958 ...	102	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1949 ...	99	8	0
3 p.c. Madras 1952-53 ..	101	0	0
3 p.c. Punjab 1952 ...	99	8	0
3 p.c. U. P 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. C. P. 1952	101	0	0
3 p.c. N.-W. F. 1952 ...	100	8	0
3 p.c. U. P 1961-66	101	2	0
3 p.c. Bombay Port Trust	113	0	0
4 p.c. Bombay Municipality City	113	0	0
5 p.c Bombay Municipality 1959	117	0	0
6 p.c. Bombay Municipality 1954	121	0	0
3-1/4 p.c 1977	101	4	0
6 p.c K. P. T.	121	0	0

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, Oct. 20.

Tata Ordinary 350; Tata Deferred 1737/8, Indian Iron 33/14; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 26/2; Bombay Dyeing 1055; Central India 291/4; Gokak 318/2; Kohinoor 546/14; Simplex 228; Swadesri 573/2; Tata Power 1770; Associated Cement 159; Belapur 373/2. Bombay Burma (Old) 488/12; Scindia 35/6, Central Bank 88/12; New India 70; Tata 2nd Pref. 153/12.

BANKERS' CLEARING HOUSE: Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 17-10-1947 were as under.

Number of Cheques: 151353
Amount of Cheques Rs. 10,68,93,-685-10-3

GOLD & SILVER

BOMBAY, Oct. 20.

The Bullion Market was fairly steady today with moderate buying support. Recently there had been heavy long liquidation and a fairly large short interest was created near the bottom. As a matter of fact the decline was overdone and the market was entitled to a technical reaction. There was moderate increase in arrivals and some distress selling. Option dealers were caught and they were forced to protect their interest by sales. Thus there was general selling from all quarters and even bulls threw out their purchases on an unwilling market. But oversold conditions can not last long and the market is correcting technical position and we look for steadier markets for some time to come.

Forward Silver opened today at Rs. 153/4 and improved at Rs. 154. Ready Silver was quoted at Rs. 153/14. Forward Gold opened at Rs. 100/4 and rallied at Rs. 100/8. Ready Gold was quoted a Rs. 100/14 while Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 67.

The market was steady in the afternoon and finally closed as under:—

	Rs. as. p
Ready Silver	154 12 0
Forward Silver	154 14 0
Ready Gold	101 10 0
Forward Gold	101 4 0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, Oct. 20.

The local cotton market was quiet today with restricted business. Reports indicating no increase in textile prices were responsible for low opening. The market was expected to open at Rs. 465 for January delivery but the market opened quiet at Rs. 463 and declined at Rs. 462/8 under scattered selling at this level there was some short covering and January delivery steadied at Rs. 462/12. March was placed at Rs. 466.

Later on there was slightly increased buying and January delivery was quoted at Rs. 463/8 and March was placed at Rs. 467/4.

There was further buying which hardened January at Rs. 465 and the market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. Jan.	464	8	0
I.C.C. March	468	0	0
I.C.C. May	474	12	0
I.C.C. July	482	8	0
I.C.C. Sept.	487	8	0

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

BOMBAY, Oct. 18.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing.
Jan.	50/15/0	50/13/0	50/14/0
March	469-1/2	468	460
May	476-1/2	475	476
July	484-1/4	482-1/2	483-1/2
Sept.	489-1/4	487-1/2	489
Karachi 4F Jan.	50/15/0	50/13/0	50/14/0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton January Contract is 1437 cent points below New York January at Exchange rate 331.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 20

The produce market was quiet today with scattered selling.

Groundnuts Khandesh quality November-December were quoted at Rs. 27/7 Bold November-December were placed at Rs. 26/15 and December-January were done at Rs. 26/5. Groundnut Oil October delivery was quoted at Rs. 17/14. November was quoted at Rs. 17/5 and December was quoted at Rs 16/3.

Castorseeds ready were quoted at Rs. 31. May delivery opened today at Rs. 129/8 and declined at Rs. 128/15. Linseed ready was quoted at Rs. 31 while October-November was quoted at Rs. 30/9 and February-March business was done at Rs. 26/8

Later on there was moderate support and Castorseeds Ma ydelivery closed at Rs. 129/5.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, Oct. 20.

B. C. Rates I I D D 1/8 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Selling I I. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.

London Banks Selling I. I. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.

London Banks Buying T I. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Months.

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th 12th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th 9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/s 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/s 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/s 1/6 3/16 7th and 9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/s 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/s 1/6 3/16 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/s 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Month

New York and Montreal B. C. Rate I. T. Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Selling I I D D Rs. 332 1/4

Banks Buying I T Rs. 330

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 328 3/4

Montreal Rs. 328 1/2

Banks Buying D D N Y Rs. 329

Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 under L/C.

Paris Banks Selling I I Fcs 3650

Paris Banks Buying T T Fcs 3650

Amsterdam Banks Selling I I D D Fl. 79.

Java Banks Selling I. I. D. D. —

Hongkong Banks Selling T T D D Rs. 84

Singapore Banks Selling I I D D Rs. 157.

New York/London Cross Rate Dol. 4.03 1/8 to 4.03 1/4

Tone of Sterling Exchange:

Easy

London Discts 3 Months 17/32 pc

London Discts 6 Months 9/16-5/8 pc

Reserve Bank Rate 3 pc Bank of England Rate 2 pc

Money:—Call 1/2 pc 3 Months 1/2 pc. 6 Months 3/4 pc. 12 Months 1 1/4 pc

Tone.—Easy

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Exchange Of Population In Punjab Cripples Marketing Activity

The Patel Cotton Co. Ltd., have issued the following weekly report:—

The New York Cotton Futures Market, after losing by a quarter to half a cent initially, developed a steadier tone in the latter part of the week under review. Heavy spot sales in the primary markets and persistent dribbles of hedges, which assumed an aggressive form, were responsible for this initial down-swing. Better weather reports for picking and ginning operations aided the bearish sentiment. Later the market toned up on continued buying inspired by continued good demand for consumers goods.

The Cotton Parity for the month of September is fixed at 29.39 cents. This raises the parity to 4.5 cents higher than what it was a year ago.

According to a report, the Department of Agriculture is preparing to take at least 1,000,000 bales, as against 142,000 bales only last year and 216,000 bales in 1945. This, however, recalls to our mind that the loan entries during 1944 and 1943 were 2,114,000 bales and 3,595,000 bales respectively.

Under the cotton export subsidy, 78,000 bales have so far been registered from August 1st to September end which makes a poor comparison with 432,000 bales registered during the period a year ago.

The C.C.C. have bought a further quantity of 115,000 bales for export to Japan.

The Export Committee in Egypt has made a strong recommendation to stop the bartering of Egyptian cotton for goods exported from America, as, in its view, dollars are much more important than goods.

BRIGHT CROP PROSPECTS

The futures market in Bombay witnessed a reversal of the upward trend of the last many weeks. Commencing on 6th September with a modest beginning at Rs. 456½, the January contract rose steadily, week by week, reaching a level of Rs. 474½ exactly one month later, and fluctuated near that level for a week more. Bearish sentiment manifested itself from 14th October and the market has lost Rs. 10 and is steady around this level. Bright crop prospects for cotton growth in the Dominion of India seems to be mostly responsible for this climb-down, with possible financial weakness, resulting from the decline in Gold, as a subsidiary factor.

The 4F Futures market at Karachi stands a little under Rs. 51. The difference between Bombay and Karachi has widened to Rs. 21-8. 4F was only Rs. 13 above Bombay Jarilla on the day on which forward trading started in Karachi.

While the Futures Market dropped sizably, the premia at Sewree spot market have remained firm. Actual cotton has tended to resist any sympathetic fall in the ready prices. Good demand continues for all American varieties. 4F changed hands between Rs. 520/540, 289F Multan was negotiated round Rs. 677. N.T. new crop quotes at Rs. 156. On January Jarilla and Broach Vijay new crop 3/4" 'staple at Rs. 105. On January Jarilla. There was moderate demand for Jarillas from mills.

As the monsoon is drawing to its close, it can be said that it has left the crop in a fairly good condition everywhere. Despite the eccentricities of the monsoon throughout the season—extremely wet conditions alternating with prolonged spells of dry weather—nature has proved kind to the cotton crop. In some parts it is two to three weeks too late owing to the late start of the monsoon. The drop in the Oomra tracts is doing extremely well under the influence of bright sunshine and cool nights, with light to moderate morning dew. Flowering and fruiting are general in Central India and Khandesh. Dhulia expects first pickings to start arriving on Dassera and regular arrivals by the first week of November. Bolls are nearing maturity in C.P. whereas they have commenced to burst open in Berars, where one or two carts of Kappas have already come in the market. In Moglais, the handicap imposed by heavy rains has been overcome by the dry conditions now prevailing, and the crop is making rapid progress under the beneficent influence of prevailing bright and clear sunshine. In Broach and Surat tracts plants are putting on healthy growth and they are 2½ feet high. Flowering is general in Muthias and in earlier sown fields bud formation has commenced. In Southerns plants are making good progress but, in some parts of Westerns, grass hoppers are reported to be causing some damage. In Sind, arrivals are increasing but slowly, owing to labour handicap in the factories. Early arrivals of N.T. in Karachi are realising a very substantial premium. The continuous mass exchange of population in the Punjab has placed a great strain on transport system and in some measure crippled the agrarian and marketing activity in that province.

Call To Muslims To Join Congress

CALCUTTA, Oct. 19. (API): Ten nationalist Muslim leaders both of east and west Bengal in a joint statement today urge the Mussalmans of India to join the Indian National Congress, which is the largest and most representative national organisation in the country in order to strengthen it for the common Government of the people of India.

The signatories to the statement are: Messrs. Nausher Ali, former Minister and Speaker, Bengal Assembly; R. Ahmed Jehangir Kabir, General Secretary All-India Krishak Praja Party; Choudhury Asaf Ali Beg, Abdul Malek Surajuddin Ahmed, A. K. Kamil, Choudhury Motier Rashid, Ahmed Ali, and Atawar Rahman.

The statement says:

"Pakistan demand of the Muslim League is responsible for the division of India. The disastrous consequence of this division for the Indian Mussalmans is too obvious. It has reduced them to a helpless and hopeless position. League leaders in the Indian Union who were most loud and vocal in their demands for Pakistan are now publicly confessing that they committed a great blunder in supporting the Pakistan movement and by clinging to the absurd two-nation theory.

"It is high time the statement continues, that Mussalmans of the Indian Union shake off with energy and speed the ruinous effects of the poisonous preachings of the Muslim League and face the situation boldly in a realistic manner. They should realise that they cannot have divided loyalty to Pakistan and the Indian Union at the same time. They must cultivate unqualified and unswerving loyalty for their state and be ready to fight for the honour of India.

The statement adds: "No communal political organisation can protect minorities. It is really dangerous for the minority to raise communal issues and to organise on communal lines, because this automatically throws the majority into a major communal bloc the surest and only effect safeguards for the minority is always to divert attention into national and economic channels and to organise non-communal economic fronts. We should never forget that the goodwill of majority is the natural safeguard for the minorities"

Migration Is Ruinous

GAUHATI (Assam), Oct. 19, (API):—Deprecating the idea of wholesale migration from one dominion to the other in India, Mr. Abdullah Nurul Hup, President of the Assam Provincial Muslim League says that migration of people from west and east Punjab had caused destruction and ruin to the Punjab.

The people must learn a lesson from them and not leave their hearths and homes out of imaginary and false fear. It is wrong and impracticable to think that change of population will bring peace and order in disturbed places he adds. We can make a happy and united home if both Muslims and Hindus live together in amity and peace."

Referring to the League policy he says: "With the change in the political situation, we Muslim Leaguers, must change our constitution and base it on broad principles for the successful solution of several problems in Hindustan.

It is our primary and principal duty to render all help to one Government to whom we owe allegiance for the uplift of millions of toiling masses and strengthen the Government in all respects.

Isphahani's Greetings To U.S. President

KARACHI Oct. 19, (API): Mr. M. A. H. Isphahani Pakistan's Ambassador to U.S.A. while presenting his credentials to the President of the U. S. A. on 8th 1947 observed.

"We shall endeavour our utmost to develop and maintain friendship and collaboration with every country which is willing to reciprocate equally and frankly our cordial sentiments and with none more so than with the United States to whom I have the honour as Ambassador to bring the sincerest greetings from my Government and my people and from the father of our nation Quaid-i-Azam Mohammed Ali Jinnah.

In his reply the President said:—"I wish to assure you that Government and the people of the United States will reciprocate in full measure the cordial sentiments of friendship and collaboration which you express. The officials of this Government are ready at all times to co-operate with you in the accomplishment of your mission in this country. We stand ready to assist Pakistan in all appropriate ways which might mutually benefit two countries and the world and constructive collaboration between Pakistan, her sister dominions and ther countries."

No Withdrawal From Battlefield

Nehru On His Reported Retirement: Stresses Establishment Of Secular Democratic State

LUCKNOW, October 19 (API):—Regretting communal disturbances in India, Pandit Nehru said in the public meeting in Lucknow that they exposed the country to outside aggression and weakened its foundations. India had fallen in the past because of internal disorders. Mahatma Gandhi had taught the nation to become strong. The resistance to British Gomen: was the way of becoming strong.

He said that a few groups had been organised in the Punjab who had made it their profession to murder people. The destruction of so much life was not accidental but preplanned. It was an attempt by the reactionary elements to paralyse the whole administrative machinery and to usurp political power. This was not the democratic way of capturing political power with the vote of the people. But Fascist methods of terrorising the people by show of arms. The Government had ruthlessly crushed them and would meet the danger with strength.

Pandit Nehru said that riots in Delhi dislocated all arrangements for the evacuation of refugees in the Western Punjab with the result that a large number of refugees were stranded and killed.

China, he said was torn by a civil war for the last 30 years and all its progress had been held up. In these riots nobody's life had remained unaffected. Industry and commerce was at a standstill in the Punjab. Unless this destruction was stopped all hopes of building a socialised industrial structure would be shattered.

NO DESIRE TO WITHDRAW FROM BATTLEFIELD

Pandit Nehru said that his recent remarks about the readiness of the Government to resign if the people had no confidence in them had been misinterpreted in certain quarters to mean that he was contemplating retirement. He said "I have no desire to withdraw from the battlefield when the principles for which I have fought are in jeopardy."

What he meant was that the Congress was wedded to a certain ideology. If the Indian people did not support that ideology he could resign from the post. If the Government could not translate the wishes of the people it should resign. Government cannot work with the aid of military and people alone and people's the co-operation was necessary for maintaining peace in the country.

SECULAR DEMOCRATIC STATE

Pandit Nehru said that the call for the establishment of a Hindu State was a reactionary slogan and would bang the door for all future progress. The Congress wanted to establish a secular democratic state in this country. Naturally in such a state the predominant cultural outlook would be governed by the great majority of Hindus in the population. France, U.S.A. and other states had Christian majorities which governed the cultural outlook of those countries but those states could not be called Christian States. Kemal Ataturk opposed all attempts to make Turkey an Islamic State. He added Theocratic state means narrow-mindedness. It is unfortunate that those who had opposed the principles of the Muslim League had become the disciples of the League communalists."

ALLEGIANCE ENTITLES CITIZENSHIP

He said that the decision about the citizenship of each person in Pakistan and Indian Union could not be taken up at the present time. Anybody who did not owe allegiance to the state in which he lived could only live there as an alien and could not enjoy citizenship rights. If Muslims wanted to live in the Indian Union and owed full allegiance to the state they would be welcomed. Those who wanted to leave this country would be free to go.

Pandit Nehru said "I am glad that the U. P. Government has made it clear that no person shall be driven out of the U. P. because he belonged to a particular community. If anybody is a traitor he should be dealt with suitably. Even in Hindus all were not patriots."

Concluding Pandit Nehru said that a strong stable Government in the Centre and similar Governments in the Provinces were essential for peace and prosperity otherwise the alternative was anarchy. He appealed to help the Government in maintaining peace and law and order in the country.

HELP DESTITUTE WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Amrit Kaur's Appeal For Relief To Punjab Victims

NEW DELHI, Oct. 19 (API): Rajkumari Amrit Kaur, Health Minister, in an appeal for relief for "the victims of the recent terrible happenings" says:—

"The Hon'ble Deputy Prime Minister has already put out a second appeal for further relief to the sufferers from West Punjab. I want to make a special appeal to the generosity of all those who can afford to give at this juncture for the thousands of destitute women and children that have been the victims of the recent terrible happenings. Women, mostly widows, will need to be rehabilitated.

"We must turn evil into good by drawing upon this nucleus for trained teachers, midwives, women health visitors, social workers and experts at handicrafts. These will then become not a liability but an asset to the country that needs service of this nature.

"We have to educate thousands of children not only orphans but those whose parents can no longer afford to pay for their education. These women and children must be the special charge of us women. We raised a large sum of money for the 'Save the Children Fund' when Bengal was in the throes of its terrible famine. We must do likewise for the women and children of West Punjab, the Frontier and Sind.

"Donations, specially earmarked for women and children, may be sent to the Hon'ble Deputy Prime Minister, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, who has kindly agreed to receive the money on behalf of women and children. I do hope the response will be generous."

IT'S A PASSING PHASE

NEW DELHI, Oct. 19 (API): "I am one of those who believe that this madness that has overtaken us is, for the time being, a passing phase, and that the people of India will rise above hatred and narrow-minded communalism and thus prove worthy sons and daughters of the ancient land which has given them birth", said Rajkumari Amrit Kaur in a broadcast talk tonight over All India Radio.

She continued: "Anger and hate are a man's worst enemies but they do subside. The world cannot live on the basis of these. Therefore when passions have cooled down we shall realise that there will be far more happiness for us and far more chances of a living growth for us if we live together as human beings irrespective of our caste or creed"

Referring to the 'clean up' campaign in Delhi the Health Minister said the health of the city had definitely improved, thanks to the initiative of local authority and the health services but deplored the lack of co-operation of the citizens in the work. She also complained about the unhelpful attitude of the refugees who, by over-crowding were not making life easier for Delhi folk.

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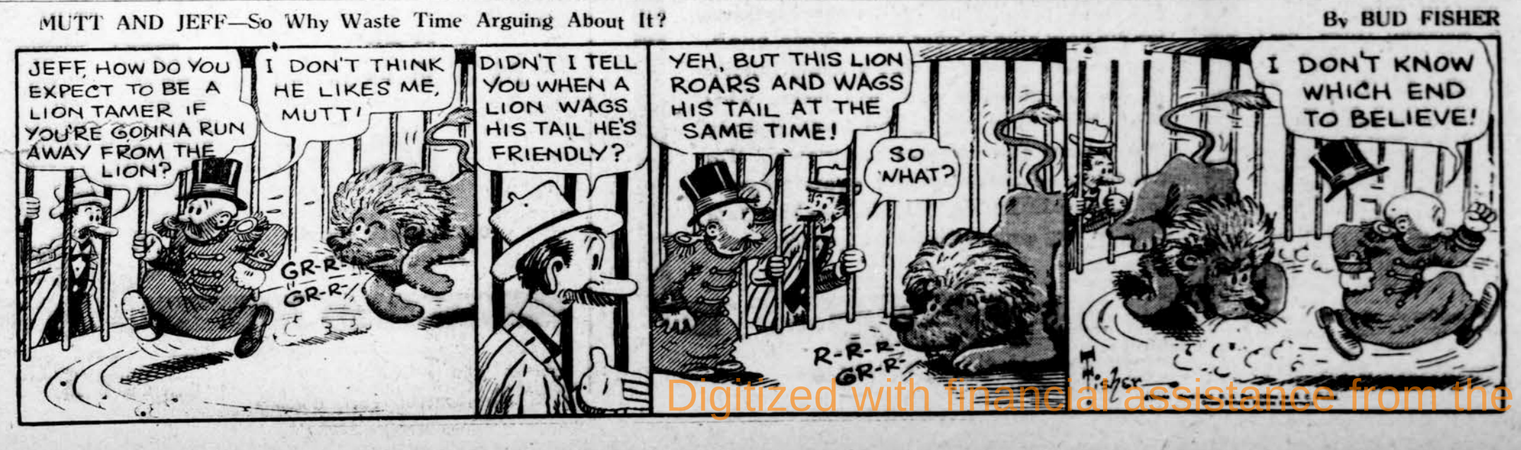
MUTT AND JEFF—So Why Waste Time Arguing About It? By BUD FISHER


JEFF, HOW DO YOU EXPECT TO BE A LION TAMER IF YOU'RE GONNA RUN AWAY FROM THE LION?
I DON'T THINK HE LIKES ME, MUTT!
GR-R-R
GR-R-R
DIDN'T I TELL YOU WHEN A LION WAGS HIS TAIL HE'S FRIENDLY?
YEH, BUT THIS LION ROARS AND WAGS HIS TAIL AT THE SAME TIME!
SO WHAT?
R-R-R
GR-R-R
I DON'T KNOW WHICH END TO BELIEVE!

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

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A Kanarese Hindu 40 influential businessman desires wedding with **a lady of** any caste with some **capital to** improve businees—Write: **M. M. C**/o. P.B. 1932, Bombay. 7260

SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Residential Canvassers for Offset photo-litho, and type works on commission or salary basis with good future prospects. Apply stating qualification and experience to Famous Cine Litho Works, 40-B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11. 7256

Wanted by a large firm of Calcutta, Correspondence Clerks. Candidates must be graduates and very strong in English possessing good experience of correspondence in a Commercial firm either of Calcutta or of Bombay. Experience of Export and Import Trade will be an advantage. Apply before 25th October, with copies of testimonials stating age, educational qualifications and minimum salary acceptable to Box No. 5717. "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted immediately for Karachi, one Dairy Expert, I.D.D. or B.Ag. **Parsee,** Christian or Anglo-Indian **preferred.** Apply Hon. Secretary, **Karachi** Panjrapore C/o. Post Box **890,** Bombay. Stating previous experience and pay required. 5731

SITUATION WANTED

A qualified Refugee Dental Surgeon from Lahore seeks suitable employment. Apply Box 7262, "Bombay Chronicle".

TO BE LET

Hindu public very respectable, searching permanent house accommodation in Bombay suburban for one family, i.e., father and mother, his wife and 3/4 children only, who may like to accommodate themselves in one independent block of 2 rooms each 9 x 12 ft. one veranda 35 x 6 ft. plus kitchen of 6 x 6 ft. latrine and bath room 3 x 6 ft. each, water and electricity laid down, sanitary fittings. Rent Rs. 125/- per month, three years rent in advance Rs. 4,500/-, no pugree. Lease renewable at option of tenants three months before expiry of three years. Immediate occupation to be given at Matheran, thereafter shifted to Borivli, when proposed building is complete at Borivli within one to six months. Respectable Hindu public without engagement at present will have the advantage of best climate, pure Hindu locality at Matheran and Borivli, and if they have office engagements at present, they can keep their family at Matheran and go there weekly, keeping themselves alone in Hotels. Matheran Hills is between Bombay and Poona, train journey four hours. There are only eight blocks proposed to construct at Borivli, and gentlemen may write or meet personally Mr. Jwalaprasad, Banker, "Dhun Villa", Matheran up to 20th. (5637)

BUSINESS FOR SALE

For Sale large Match Factory with Bungalow, Factory Sheds, Machinery and Open Large Land with Goodwill in Bombay Suburban, concern is running since 23 years labels popular all over India as present party is going to Pakistan. Apply Box No. 7266, "Bombay Chronicle".

PROPERTY EXCHANGE

For exchange in Pakistan with Properties in Hindustan. Residential bungalows, godowns, shops, cinema, agricultural lands fully developed, undeveloped lands, site for building housing society or factories near Rly. stn. Telephones and railway communication in easy reach. Ready to exchange whole or a piece meal. Apply to Box 7266, "Bombay Chronicle".

INVESTMENT

Various kinds of 6 to 7 1/2 per cent. Tax free Pref. Shares of Tea and others are available for sale. Enquire Sterling Investment Co., 1 British Indian Street, Calcutta. 5581

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted Country Craft for Shipping Machineries, etc. from Bombay to Karachi. Interested Shipping Agents please write to Printing Machineries Service Co., 40-B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circle, Bombay, 11. 7255

Rs. 3/- for you if you send complete address of booksellers of your city. Planners, 91, Model Basti, Delhi. 7235

Wanted Gujerati and English Types for immediate delivery. Particulars of types required can be had on request. Write with best quotations to Printing Machineries Service Co., 40-B, Clerk Road, Jacob Circles, Bombay 11. 7255

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Available ex-Stock American Electric Gramophones from Rs 180/- Fluorescent tubes and reflectors, Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts C.T.S cables all sizes good discounts for quantities Apply Box No 3985, 'Bombay Chronicle."

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT OF KUTCH
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

TENDERS ARE INVITED from recognised contractors for bitumen treatment for approximately thirteen lac square feet of Asphalt runway on the Bhuj Aerodrome. Intending contractors may please communicate with the undersigned for further particulars giving a list of asphalt works carried out by them.

M. N. DESAI,
State Engineer,
Kutch State

State Engineer's Office,
Bhuj, 15th October, 1947. 5725

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY—TENDER

THE GENERAL MANAGER, B. B. and C. I. Railway, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of 200 tons wagon Flooring Boards in three sizes. Copies of tenders can be had from the Controller of Stores, B. B. and C. I. Railway, Jacob Circle, Bombay 11 on application Tenders must be submitted to the Controller of Stores, B. B. and C I. Railway by 3-11-47. 5727

NOTICE.

J. N. CHOUDHURY has pleasure to inform his customers that he has severed all connections with M/s. Eastern Merchandise, Bombay and has started his own proprietary concern of M/s. The New Eastern Merchandise, at the same place viz, Jan Mansion, 4th Floor, Sir Phirozshah Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay. 7263

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Bombay Municipality (by order of the Municipal Commissioner) invites tenders for the supply of Oil, Linseed, double-boiled. Tender forms etc. can be had from his office at 566, DeLisle Road, Bombay No. 11 on payment of Rs. 2/- per set.

Tenders shall be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered with the deposit into the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay ON WEDNESDAY, THE 29TH OCTOBER, 1947, NOT LATER THAN 1 P.M. (B.T.). 5729

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, UNITED PROVINCES

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from subjects of Indian Dominion and of States within the Indian Dominion for the Gazetted post of Superintendent, Livestock and Dairy Training Farm, Babugarh, District Meerut, Post temporary but likely to be made permanent. Pay Rs. 250-25-400-E.B.-30-700-E.B.-50-850. Qualifications: Candidates must possess a bachelor's degree in Science or Agriculture of a recognized University with two years post-graduate training in Agriculture. Candidates having practical experience of Agriculture and knowledge of ley farming and sward making will be given preference. Practical experience in cattle-breeding and dairying will be considered an additional qualification. Age between 23 years and (a) 30 years if in Government service, and (b) 28 years otherwise, on August 1, 1947. The maximum age limits will be greater by three years for Scheduled Caste candidates and may be relaxed in cases of specially qualified and experienced candidates. Requisitions for application forms will be entertained and supplied upto November 8, 1947 and applications on prescribed forms will be received upto November 15, 1947.
Dated Allahabad, October 6, 1947. 5723

ASSAM PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

WANTED A PRINCIPAL FOR THE AYURVEDIC COLLEGE, GAUHATI

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from candidates, who are natives of or domiciled in, Assam and from non-natives of this province for the post of Principal, Ayurvedic College, Gauhati, Assam on a scale of pay of Rs. 300-25-500/- p.m. plus cost of living allowance as admissible under the rules. The post is at present temporary, but there is every probability of its being made permanent in future.

Candidates must be qualified in both the Ayurvedic and Allopathic systems of medicine or be brilliant products of the college of Ayurveda Benares Hindu University, or M.A. S.F. of the general Council and State Faculty of Ayurvedic Medicines, Bengal, or the like.

Preference will be given to natives of this province.

Applications stating (1) Age on the 1st January, 1947 (2) Educational Qualifications (3) Previous experience if any, (4) present occupation, (5) Nationality and (6) home district with testimonials etc. should reach the Superintendent Office of the Assam Public Service Commission, Shillong on or before the 20th November, 1947.

Application fee of Rs. 10/- should be credited into the Treasury under the head "XXXVI-Miscellaneous Departments Examinations fees-receipts of the Assam Public Service Commission" and chalan only attached to application. This fee will not be refunded and no postal stamps or money orders will be accepted in lieu of the treasury chalan. 5728

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Assistant Main Pumping Supervisor in the grade of Rs. 120-10/2-140 plus Rs. 6 Cycle Allowance. The applicant should have Diploma in Electrical Engineering either from Kalaohuvan Technical Institute, Baroda, or Engineering College, Poona, and should have three years' experience of operation and maintenance of heavy duty pumping plants.

The applicant possessing Diploma in Mechanical Engineering in addition, will be given first preference. The appointment is to be made for one year for the present, but is likely to be made permanent. The applications together with the copies of testimonials should reach the undersigned on or before 5th November, 1947

C. M. DIGHE,
Municipal Commissioner,
Baroda City Municipality.
Dated 17th October, 1947. 5726

LEGAL NOTICES

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

I. C. No. 28 of 1947. In the matter of the INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913

and

In the matter of the ASSOCIATED BANKING CORPORATION OF INDIA LTD. (in Liquidation).

MEETING OF CREDITORS AND CONTRIBUTORIES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Official Liquidator will hold a meeting of the Creditors in his office in High Court of Bombay on the 29th day of October, 1947, at 4 p.m. to consider whether a Committee of Inspection should be appointed to act with the Liquidator and who are to be members of the Committee if appointed and will also hold a Meeting of the Contributories of the above-named Bank in his said office on the 30th day of October, 1947 at 4 p.m. to consider the decision of the creditors arrived at at the previous meeting.

R. MATHALONE,
Official Liquidator.
High Court, Bombay,
17th October, 1947. 5724

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF A FULLY EQUIPPED CLOTHING FACTORY WITH THE LATEST MODERN MACHINERY FOR MASS PRODUCTION.

This factory was on the priority list of approved contractors to the Central Government Fabricating Uniform Clothing for His Majesty's Land, Air and Naval Forces and was known as the A. R. P. Equipment Company. This Clothing Factory is on sale as a going concern with all its good-will, including the tenancy rights of the large premises known as Najam Baug and situated at Jail Road, Dongri, Bombay.

Under instructions from the Official Liquidator of the Associated Banking Corporation, Ltd. (in Liquidation), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on TUESDAY, the 28th instant at 3-30 p.m (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at the Factory Premises at Najam Baug, Jail Road, Bombay, all the Plant and Machinery Fittings and Fixtures together with 4 large asbestos cement structures belonging to the firm comprising of a big lot of Treadle and Electric Driven Singer Sewing Machines, Power Benches, Transmitters, Electric Button-Holding and Eyeletting Machine, Electric Cutting Machine, Button Presser, Electric Motors and Installations and Storing Beams, Stools, Cutting Boards, Office Writing Tables, Stool Safes and Cupboards and Furniture, etc., large lot of spare parts and tools, tailoring materials, etc., together with its goodwill and tenancy rights as a going concern in one lot. Intending parties desiring inspection may apply to the Official Liquidator, High Court, Bombay and on view on the 27th instant.

Terms: 25 per cent Cash deposit.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 35 KOREGAON PARK, AVENUE ROAD, POONA PROPERTY.

Under instructions from the Official Assignee and Assignee of the estate of Insolvent Abdul Satar Ismail Beg Mahomed (since deceased) and with the consent of mortgagees, the property No. 35 Koregaon Park, Avenue Road, Poona with furniture, etc., admeasuring about 5,962.60 sq. yds. bearing Survey No. 60/35 and bounded on the North by Plot 34, on the South by Plot 36, on the East Avenue Road, on the West Plot No. 15 will be sold by Public Auction on site on FRIDAY, 31st October, 1947 at 4 p.m. (S.T.).

The offer will be considered by the Official Assignee on Thursday, 6th November, 1947, at 1 p.m. (S.T.) at his Office in High Court, Bombay.

Messrs. Khanderao Laud and Co., Attorneys for Vendor, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

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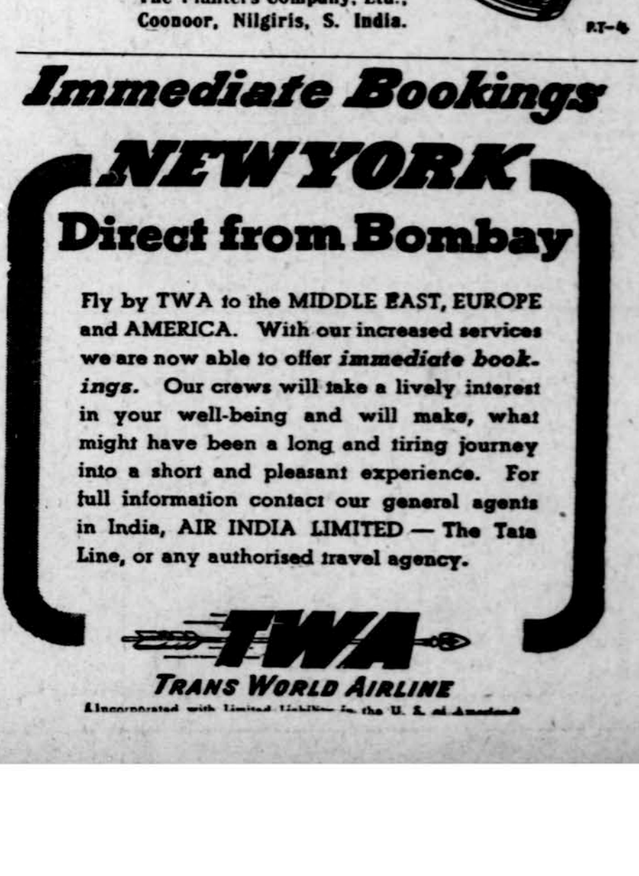
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